

PREPARATION AND COMPACTION OF WHEAT CHAFF FOR SOLID BIOFUELS

Christoph Glasner*, Barbara Weiß

Fraunhofer Institute for Environmental, Safety, and Energy Technology UMSICHT, Osterfelder Strasse 3, 46047 Oberhausen, Germany
Phone* +49 208 8598-1133, E-Mail* christoph.glasner@umsicht.fraunhofer.de, www.umsicht.fraunhofer.de

ISSUE

The collection of chaff during harvesting opens a new biomass potential for energetic usage. The efficient logistic of chaff is in conflict with its low bulk density. Pelletizing chaff can overcome this issue and was evaluated.

QUESTIONS

Is pre-treatment prior to pelletizing necessary?

Chaff consists mainly of husks and straw. Pre-sieving chaff to sort out straw avoids milling and improves combustion properties.

What are optimized pelletizing conditions?

Experiments evaluated the pelletizability of chaff.

Varied parameters

Moisture content	8 – 28 wt. %
Starch as a binder	1 and 2 wt. %
l/d – ratio of die bores	4 and 5

How good are the produced pellets?

- High durability
- High bulk density
- Moisture content of < 10 wt. %

SUMMARY

Wheat chaff can be pelletized without the addition of binder. With the correct pelletizing parameters, the resulting pellets have characteristics, which are in accordance with the ENPlus standards and can be used as biofuel.

FROM HARVEST TO PELLETS

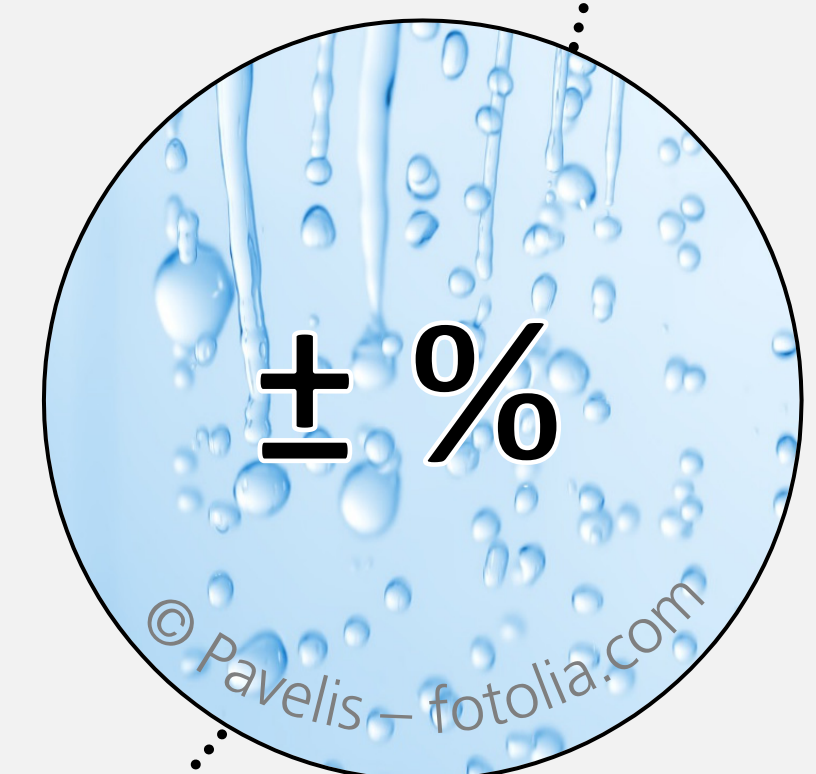
Harvest
Collection of chaff



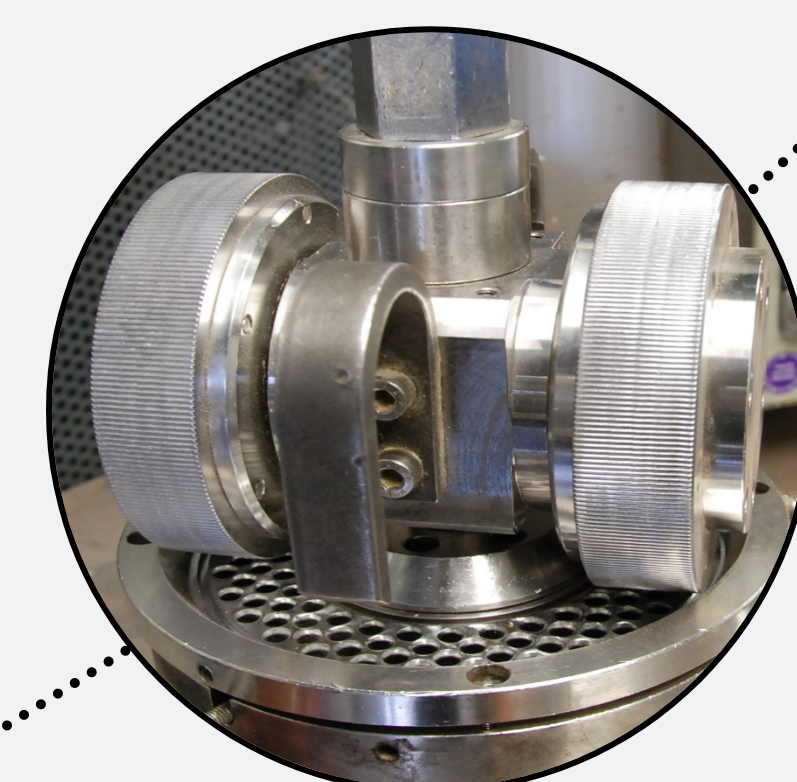
Pre-sieving
Mesh size: 10 mm
Fine fraction \geq 80 wt. %



Conditioning
Adjusting water content to 20 wt. %



Pelletizing
Bore dimensions:
l/d = 5



Chaff pellets

- Bulk density: 680 kg/m³
- Durability: 98.6 %
- Moisture content: 9.3 wt. %

Proposed process chain from the harvest to optimized biofuel pellets

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