Benefit of a Prediction System for Integrating Electrical Vehicles into Electrical Grids

Renewable Energy and Electrical Vehicles



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Outline

Introduction

Information Model

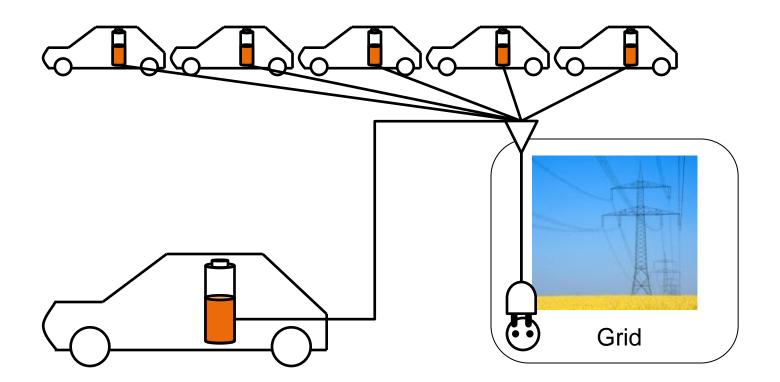
Model Framework

Results





Introduction





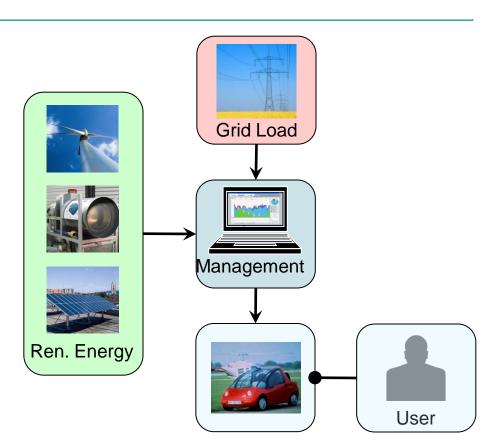
Introduction

Motivation and Goals

- 1. Guarantee availability of EV
- 2. Charge local generated renewable energy
- 3. Support the grid to handle the fluctuating renewable energy
- → EV Management system
 - 1. Grid Load Prediction Residual

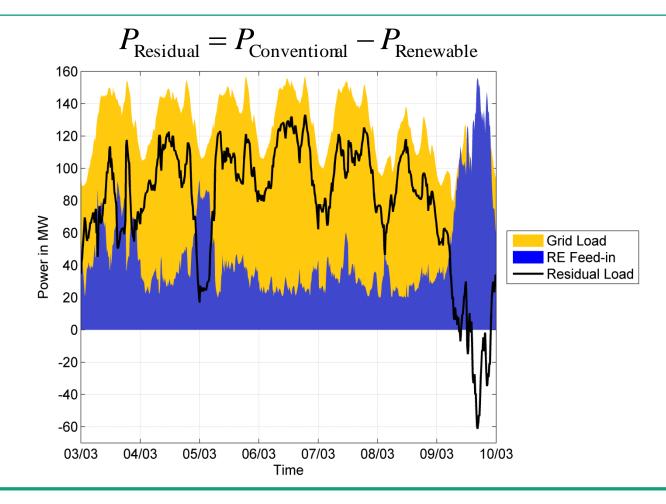
Load

- 2. RE Predictions
- 3. EV Predictions





Introduction Residual Load



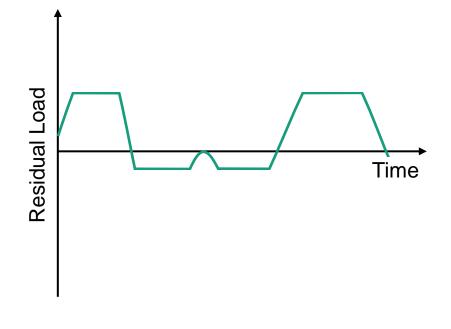


Introduction

Management Strategy

Charging to low residual load

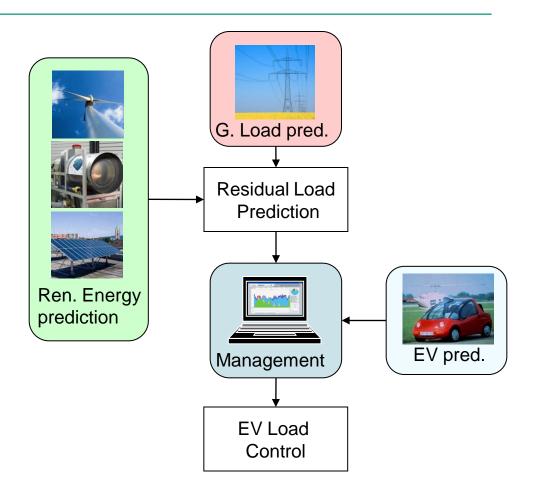
- Feed-in to high residual load
- Smoothing of the residual load
- EV storage for RE with additional influence of the grid load





Information Model

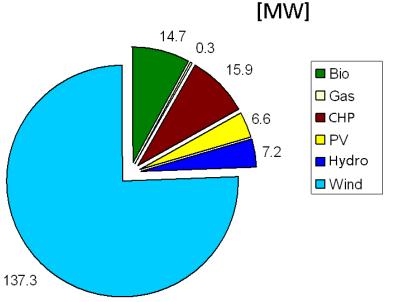
- Model to process the predictions
- EV charge load management →Control of the charging
- EV feed-in power management (V2G)
 - → Control of feed-in and recharging

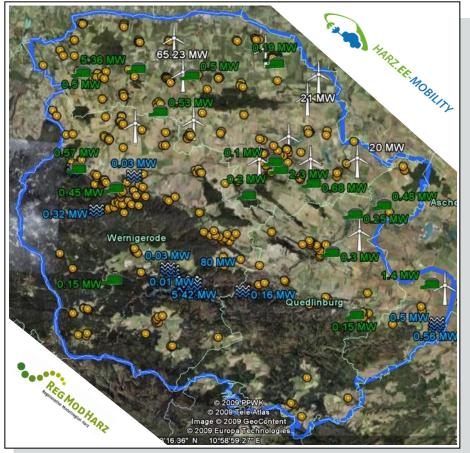




Model Region Harz

- Study for model region Harz
- Rural region in central Germany
- High penetration of renewable energies:





Source: Google Earth / IWES

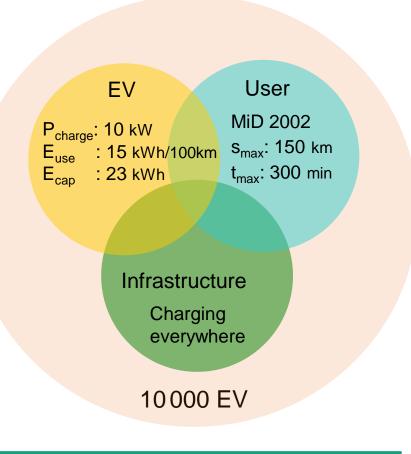


Simulation Model

- Agent Bases Monte Carlo Simulation
- User model
 - Driving behavior →MiD 2002
 - Charging behavior estimated

EV model

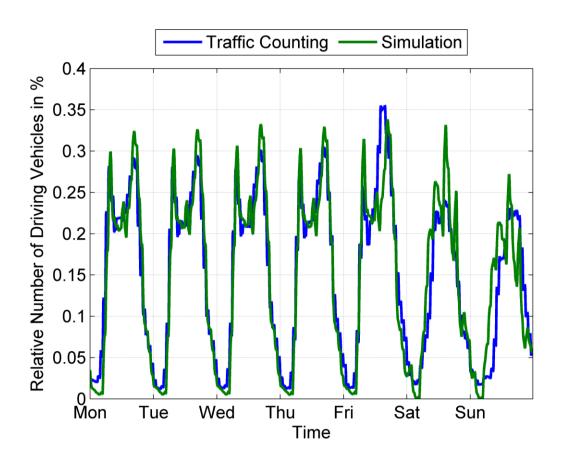
- Const. charge capacity
- Const. consumption
- Equal battery capacity
- Infrastructure model
 - Charging everywhere
 - Driving everywhere





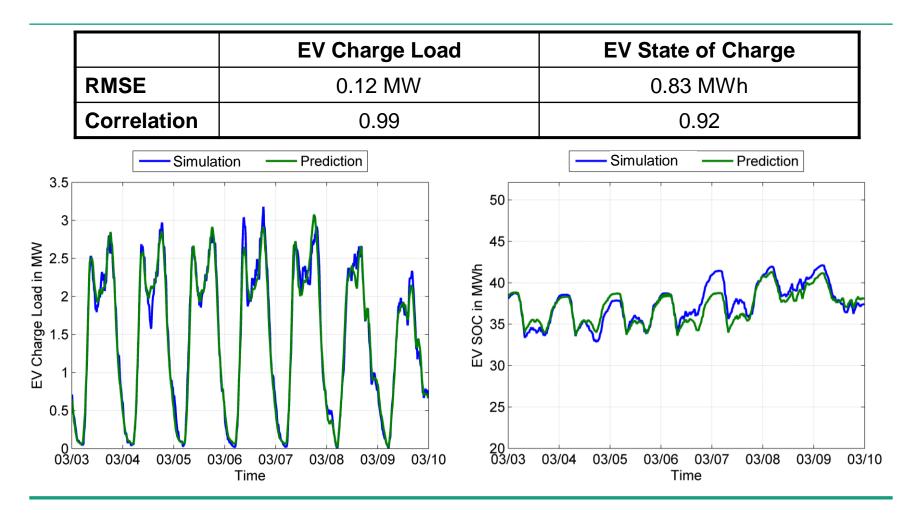
Simulation Results

- Results shows the same characteristics as MiD 2002
- Good correlation with traffic counting 0.95



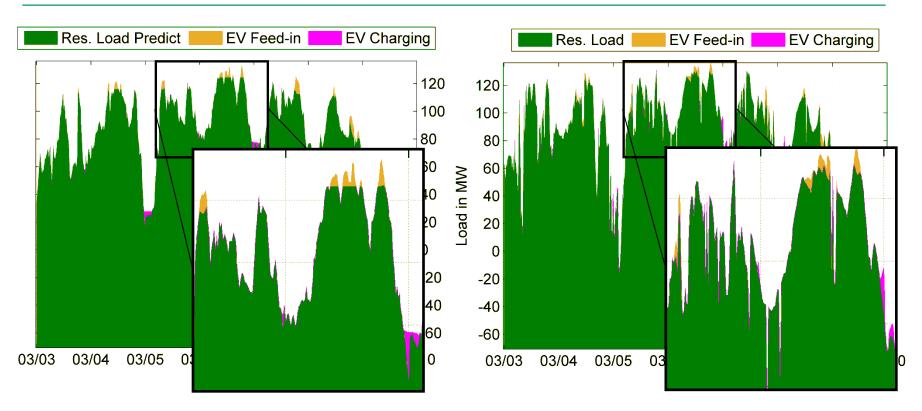


Prediction Model for the Simulation





Results V2G Shifting Management



Feed-in and charge schedule on predicted residual load

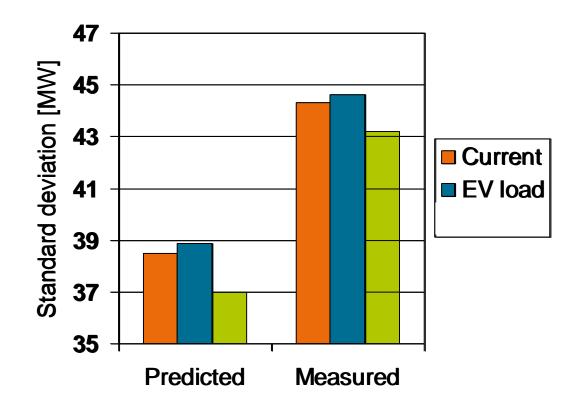
Feed-in and charge schedule on measured residual load



Results

- STD for the smoothness of the residual load
- Smoother residual load

→ RE generation and grid load are more balanced





Summary

EV predictions and simulation were developed and successful applied

An information model was introduced

- Management of the EV charge load and V2G
- Charging only locally generated RE
- Integration of a mass of EV into the grid
- Results for model region Harz with 10000 EV
 - Positive impact of V2G shifting despite the prediction errors



Thank you for your attention



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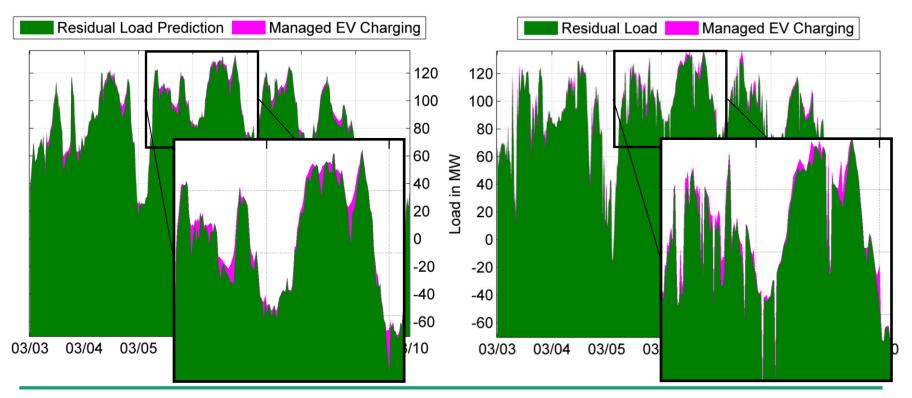
Energy Meteorology & Wind Power Management R&D Division Energy Economy and Grid Operation

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Results Load Shifting Management

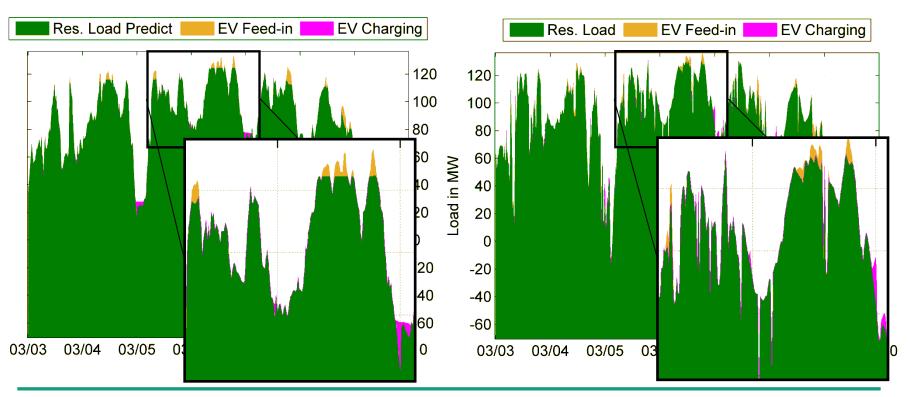
- 75 % of EV park longer than 7 h
- Shifting in between 7 h assumed
- Prediction errors yield to a less effective management





Results V2G Shifting Management

- 60 % of storage always available
- \rightarrow 60 % of pred. SOC is used for V2G
- Only V2G, no normal charging

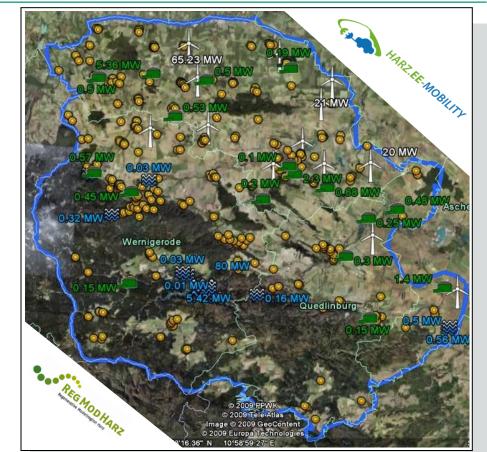




Results

Application of the Information Model

- Model region Harz
 - RE predictions
 - Grid load prediction
- EV simulation
 - EV charge load prediction
 - EV SOC prediction
- All data from 2008
- Test week:
 - From03. March 2008To09. March 2008



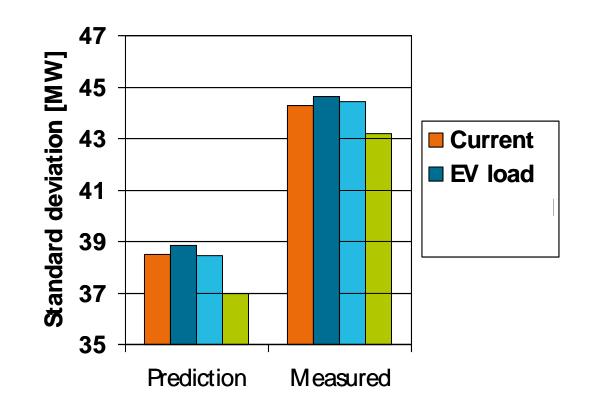
Source: Google Earth / IWES



Results

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Prediction Models EV

EV prediction models for the management system

- Charge load of all EV
- State of charge of all to the grid connected EV
- Steady characteristics over the year
 - EV Charge load
 - EV SOC
- Standard curves for each day of the week are used



Prediction

Other Predictions

- Wind power prediction
 - On IWES developed WPMS
- Photovoltaic prediction
 - Currently under development

Bio gas

- Steady feed in is assumed (German EEG payment)
- Grid Load
 - Standard load curves are used











Information Model

Load Shifting Management

- EV load prediction
- Residual load prediction

