Self-healing polymers based on novel biomimetic materials

Dr. Anke Nellesen, Fraunhofer Institute for Environmental, Safety and Energy Technology UMSICHT, Oberhausen, Germany

FONA Conference 2008 – Session B4 Sustainable Technologies – Solutions for Industry 24.09.2008, Berlin





Fraunhofer Institute for

Institute for Environmental, Safety, and Energy Technology UMSICHT

Outline



Self-healing polymers based on novel biomimetic materials

- Self-healing materials State of the art
- Project OSIRIS aim, idea and approach
- Sustainability aspects concerning the OSIRIS project
- Conclusion & Outlook

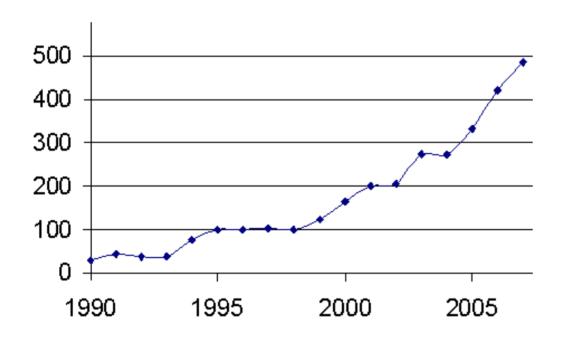




Self-healing materials – State of the art

Publications & Patents

SciFinder, Literature research: »self-healing OR self-repairing«



Recent revue:

Wu, D.Y., Meure, S., Salomon, D. Self-healing polymeric materials – A review of recent developments Prog. Polym. Sci., 33 (5) 2008, 479-522





Self-healing materials – State of the art

Institution

University of Illinois University of Bristol MPI Düsseldorf MPI Potsdam

TU Delft, DCMat:

Fraunhofer UMSICHT University of Freiburg CNRS-ESPCI, Paris

Research subject

Microcapsules for polymeric materials

Hollow fiber composites

Anti-corrosion coatings

Self-healing cellulosic fibers, anti-corrosion

coatings

Bacterial crack-healing (concrete), self-

healing conducting polymers

Sealing materials based on hydrogels

Biomimetic self-healing pneumatic structures

Self-healing rubber





Project OSIRIS (Start: 01.06.08)

Motivation

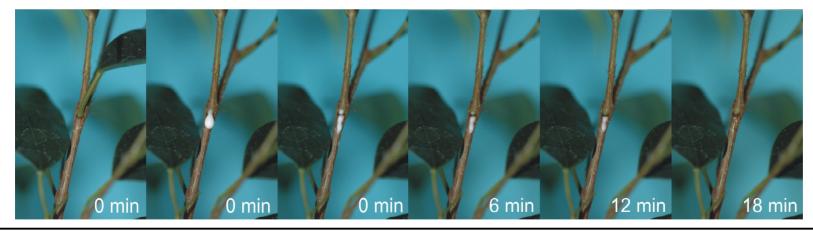
- Increasing usage of polymers in applications with high mechanical stress
- Cases of breakdown of devices before reaching their limit loads
- Recent solution: preventive substitution after predetermined service life or number of cycles; acceptance of failures
- Abrupt failures are mainly caused by growing micro-cracks





Idea

- Healing of micro-cracks before reaching critical dimensions
- Autonomous repairing process without external stimulus
- Biomimetic approach: self-healing botanical models



Source: Prof. T. Speck, University of Freiburg



Approach

- Botanical secretions/reservoirs (biomimetic model)
- Analysis and evaluation of botanical self-healing mechanisms
- Analogy observation regarding
 - Chemistry, physics of compounds/compound interaction
 - Geometry/ structural design
 - Fluid mechanics
 - Efficiency of the healing process
- Transfer to technical systems
- Simulation of micro-crack generation and propagation in the selfhealing composite and in the reference material





Approach - Botanical secretions

• Promising model compounds: resins and latices (e.g. caoutchouc, guttapercha, ...)

Resin: gum arabic



Latex: caoutchouc



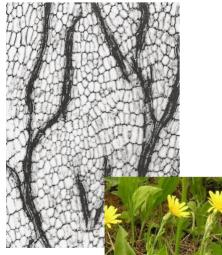
Source: Prof. T. Speck, University of Freiburg



Approach – Botanical reservoirs

Model reservoir/transport systems: capsules and micro-tubes

Micro-tubes (scorzonera)



Spherical reservoir (mimosa)



Source: Prof. T. Speck, University of Freiburg

- Chemical, structural design of the reservoirs
- Chemistry, rheology & adhesive properties of the secretions
- Activation and mechanism of fluid transport into (micro-)cracks
- Structure, mechanical properties and durability of the finished crack healing process





Approach – Healing mechanism of natural latex

- Rubber particles and hevein vacuoles are present in natural latex
- Hurting the plant results in bursting of these vacuoles (pressure differences)
- Free hevein molecules interact with glycosilated binding sites of rubber particles, building a three-dimensional network
- This bridging reaction leads to the coagulation of latex

Transfer options

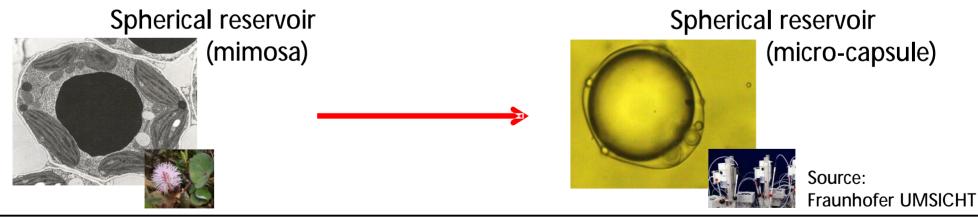
- Using pressure differences as self-healing stimulus (internal stimulus).
- Using capsulated mini-emulsions as self-healing components





Approach – Transfer options

- Construction of reservoirs/ transport systems on the basis of synthetic micro-capsules (e.g. MF-resin and polyurea), phase separation (solid emulsions) or micro-tubes (glass capillaries)
- Self-healing system based on e.g. polycations + nanoclays, living polymers + monomers or monomers + catalysts







Approach – Application transfer

- Polymeric matrix: types of rubber (e.g. NBR, EPDM, TPE)
- Implementation of self-healing components into the different matrices
- Comparison reference material vs. self-healing polymer, analysis of function and efficiency of self-healing

Demonstrators based on rubbers: sealing, gaiter, flexible elements,...











Sustainability aspects

- Assessment on the basis of accepted sustainability rules
- Evaluation of the projects impact on different dimensions
- Comparison to alternative approaches and technologies
- Definition of relevant indicators





Sustainability aspects

- Assessment on the basis of accepted sustainability rules
- Evaluation of the projects impact on different dimensions
- Comparison to alternative approaches and technologies
- Definition of relevant indicators





SYSTEM OF SUSTAINIBILITY RULES (translated according to Kopfmüller et al., 2001)		
Essential Rules and their Classification		
Securing of human existence	Preservation of the social productivity potential	Preservation of the development potential and of the prospective freedom of action
Securing the human health	Sustainable usage of renewable resources	Equal opportunities regarding education, career, information
Ensuring the satisfaction of basic needs (nutrition, education)	Sustainable usage of non- renewable resources	Participation in social decision- making processes
Autonomous securing of livelihood	Sustainable usage of the environment as a sink	Preservation of cultural heritage and cultural diversity
Distributive justice regarding options to use the environment	Prevention of unjustifiable technical risks	Preservation of cultural functions of nature
Compensation of extreme differences in income and wealth	Sustainable development of material, human and knowledge resources	Preservation of social resources





SYSTEM OF SUSTAINIBILITY RULES (translated according to Kopfmüller et al., 2001)			
	Essential Rules and their Classification		
Securing of human existence	Preservation of the social productivity potential	Preservation of the development potential and of the prospective freedom of action	
Securing the human health	Sustainable usage of renewable resources	Equal opportunities regarding education, career, information	
Ensuring the satisfaction of basic needs (nutrition, education)	Sustainable usage of non- renewable resources	Participation in social decision- making processes	
/ Autoriorilous securing	eduction of emissions dditional usage of	reservation of cultural heritage and ultural diversity	
Distributive justice h regarding options to use the environment	azardous chemicals technicai risks	reservation of cultural functions of nature	
Compensation of extreme differences in income and wealth	Sustainable development of material, human and knowledge resources	Preservation of social resources	





SYSTEM OF SUSTAINIBILITY RULES (translated according to Kopfmüller et al., 2001)		
Essential Rules and their Classification		
Securing of human existence	Preservation of the social productivity potential	Preservation of the development potential and of the prospective freedom of action
Securing the human health	Sustainable usage of renewable resources	Equal opportunities regarding education, career, information
Ensuring the satisfaction of basic needs (nutrition, education)	Sustainable usage of non- renewable resources	Participation in social decision- Increase of service life
Autonomous securing of livelihood		rime of rubber-sealing nd Reduction of losses
Distributive justice regarding options to use the environment	Prevention of unjustifiable technical risks	caused by leakage of
Compensation of extreme differences in income and wealth	Sustainable development of material, human and knowledge resources	f Preservation of social resources





SYSTEM OF SUSTAINIBILITY RULES (translated according to Kopfmüller et al., 2001)		
Essential Rules and their Classification		
Securing of human existence	Preservation of the social productivity potential	Preservation of the development potential and of the prospective freedom of action
Securing the human health	Sustainable usage of renewable resources	Equal opportunities regarding education, career, information
Ensuring the satisfaction of basic needs (nutrition, education)	Sustainable usage of non- renewable resources	Participation in social decision- making processes
Autonomous securing of livelihood	Sustainable usage of the environment as a sink	Preservation of cultural heritage and cultural diversity
Distributive justice regarding options to use the environment	Prevention of unjustifiable technical risks	Pr - Reduction of emissions - Decrease of recycling options
Compensation of extreme differences in income and wealth	Sustainable development of material, human and knowledge resources	Preservation of social resources





SYSTEM OF SUSTAINIBILITY RULES (translated according to Kopfmüller et al., 2001)		
Essential Rules and their Classification		
Securing of human existence	Preservation of the social productivity potential	Preservation of the development potential and of the prospective freedom of action
Securing the human health	Sustainable usage of renewable resources	Equal opportunities regarding education, career, information
Ensuring the satisfaction of basic needs (nutrition, education)	Sustainable usage of non- renewable resources	Participation in social decision- making processes
Autonomous securing of livelihood	Sustainable usage of the environment as a sink	- Increase of the service life time of devices
Distributive justice regarding options to use the environment	Prevention of unjustifiable technical risks	- Strengthening biomimetic knowledge
Compensation of extreme differences in income and wealth	Sustainable development of material, human and knowledge resources	Preservation of social resources





SYSTEM OF SUSTAINIBILITY RULES (translated according to Kopfmüller et al., 2001)		
Essential Rules and their Classification		
Securing of human existence	Preservation of the social productivity potential	Preservation of the development potential and of the prospective freedom of action
Securing the human health	Sustainable usage of renewable resources	Equal opportunities regarding education, career, information
Ensuring the satisfaction of basic needs (nutrition education - Biomime	Sustainable usage of non- tic approaches as	Participation in social decision- making processes
Autonomo drivers for	<u> </u>	Preservation of cultural heritage and cultural diversity
Distributive nature's to regarding options to use the environment	eaching character technical risks	Preservation of cultural functions of nature
Compensation of extreme differences in income and wealth	Sustainable development of material, human and knowledge resources	Preservation of social resources





Conclusion & Outlook

Self-healing materials

- Emerging field of R&D with a variety of approaches and applications
- The OSIRIS project aims at biomimetic self-healing polymers using botanical models
- The impact of the project will be evaluated concerning sustainability aspects

Further challenge

 Creating materials with renewable, continuously working self-healing components









