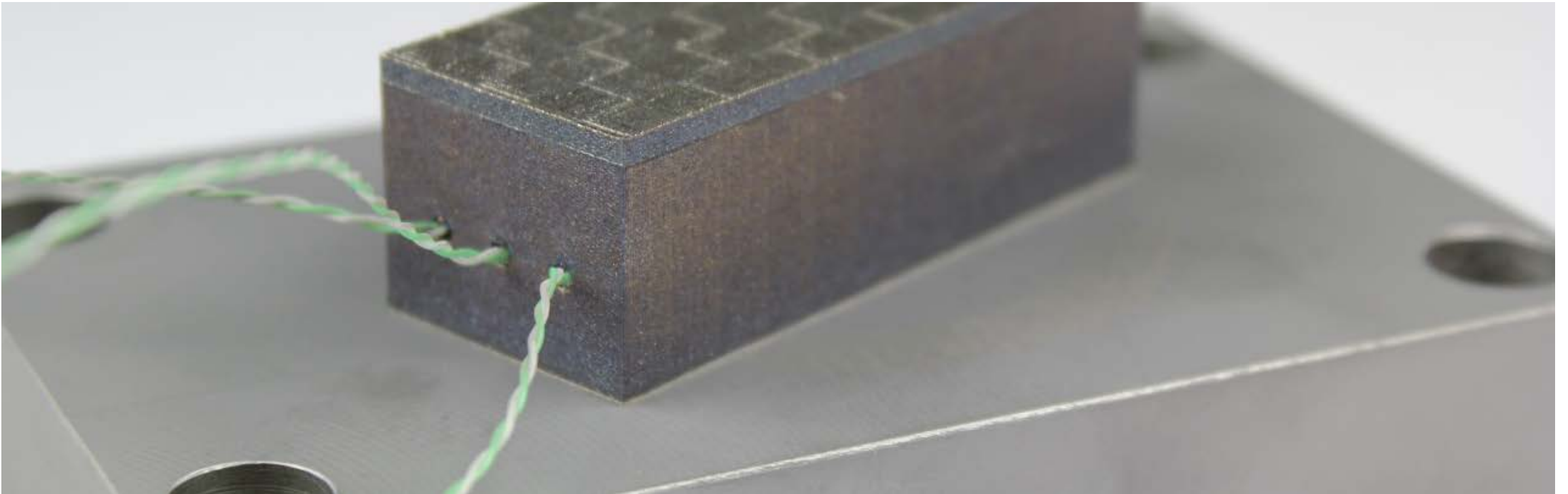


# SENSOR INTEGRATION BY ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

## INTEGRATION VON SENSOREN MITTELS ADDITIVER FERTIGUNG

Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Markus Oettel



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# AGENDA

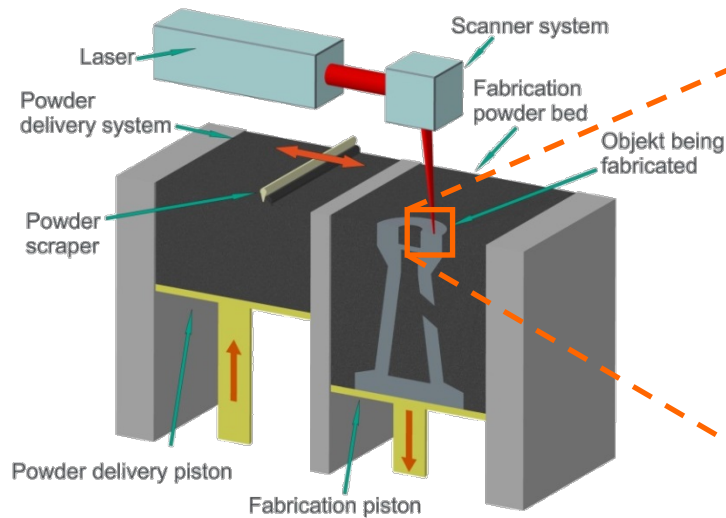
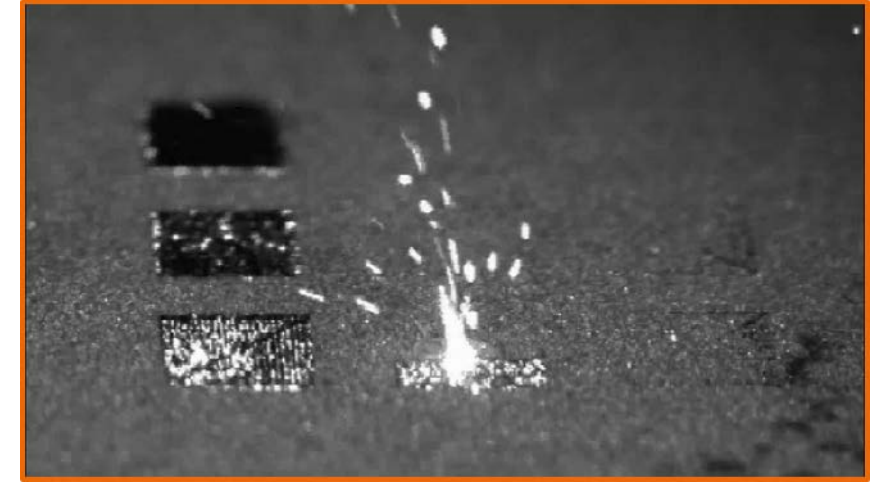
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- Laser Beam Melting
- Functionalization of additive components
  - Motivation
  - Integration procedure
  - Functionalization in general
  - Sensor integration in tools and dies
  - Applications
- Project Uddeholm AM insert
  - Objectives
  - Parameter qualification
  - Approach and challenges
  - Post process
  - Summary
- Outlook & further research activities

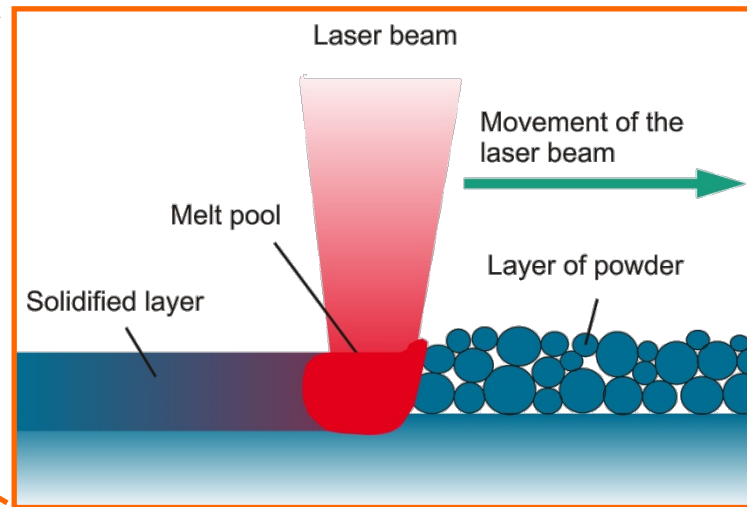
# Laser Beam Melting

# Laser Beam Melting

- **Direct, single step process**, creating parts out of **series-like metallic material**
- Complete local melting of the metal powder to a 99.5 - 100 % **dense microstructure**



Principle sketch of a laser melting machine



Schematic diagram of Selective Laser Melting

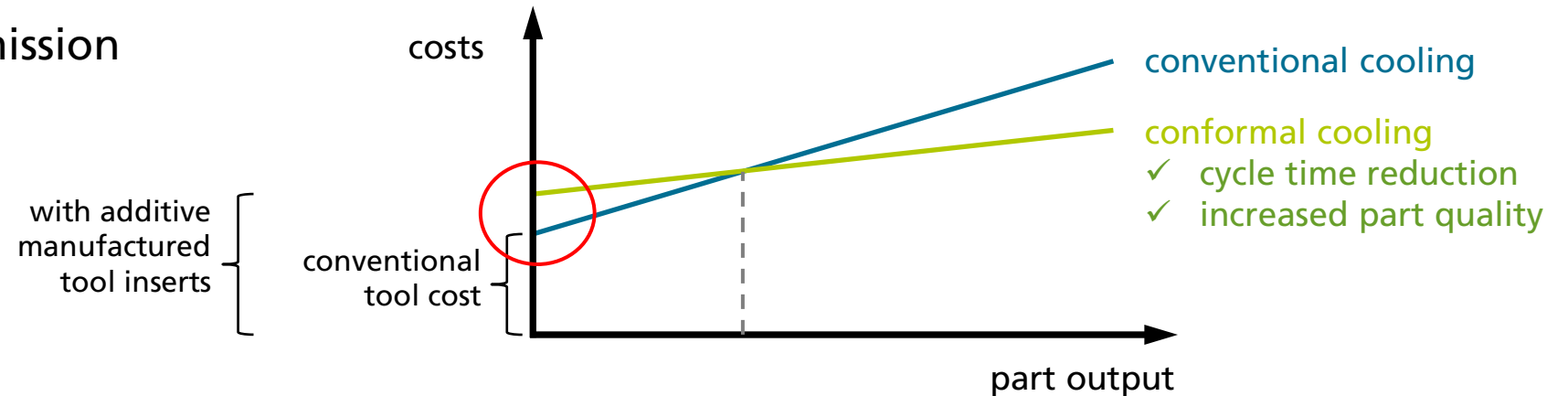


# Functionalization of additive components

# Functionalization of additive components

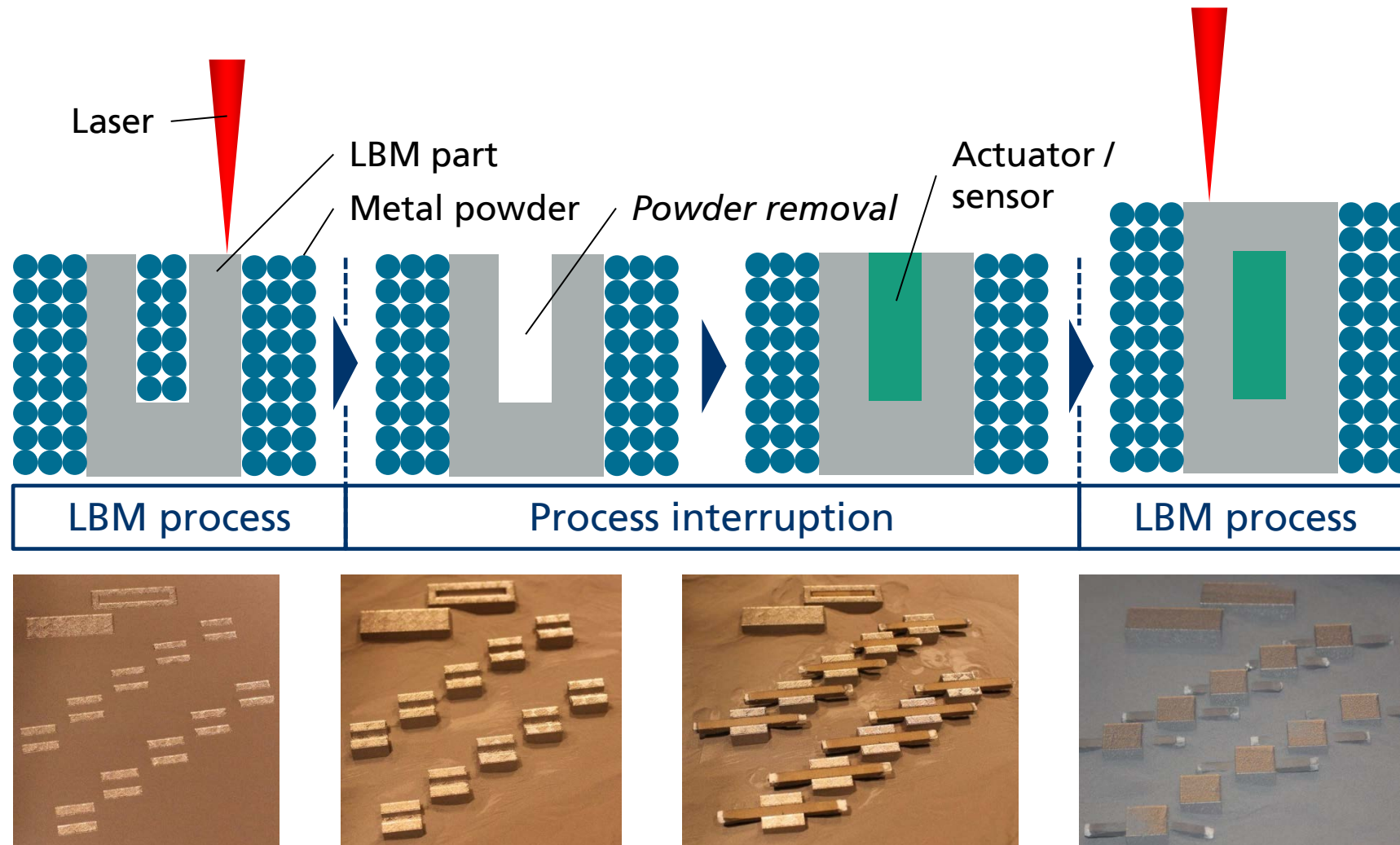
## Motivation

- AM manufacturing costs are still high due to long manufacturing time
  - Maximize added value
- Industry demands
  - Condition monitoring for additive manufactured parts
  - Process monitoring e. g. in tools and dies
  - Process control by real time data
  - Wireless data transmission



# Functionalization of additive components

## Integration procedure

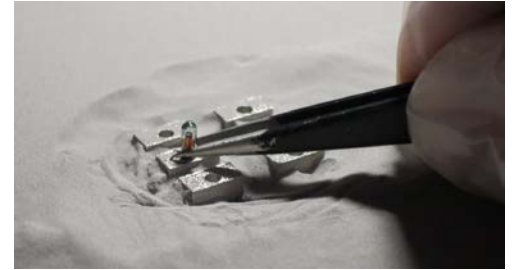


# Functionalization of additive components

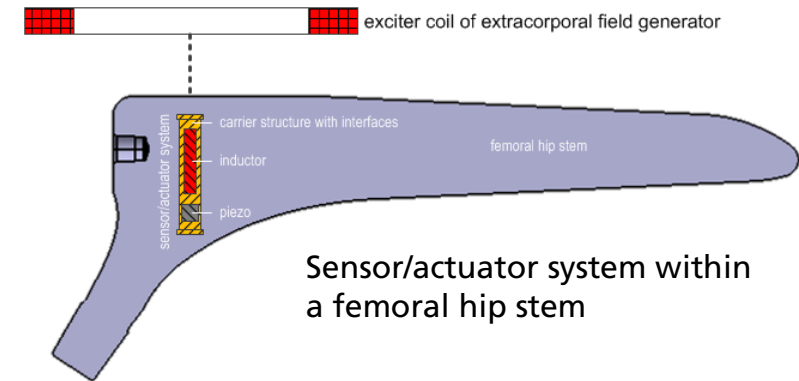
## Functionalization in general

### ■ Examples

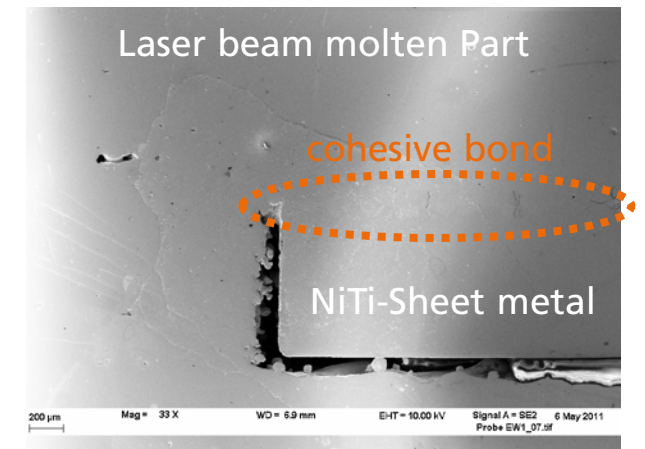
- Integration of thermocouples in different materials (AlSi10Mg, Corrax®, 1.2709, TiAl6V4)
  - Temperature measurement
- RFID-Tag integration (1.4404)
  - Attaching digital information to a component
- Sensor/actuator system (TiAl6V4)
  - Detecting and creation vibrations
- Magnetic functionality in non-magnetic components (1.4404)
  - Positioning, holding function, energy harvesting
- Integration of shape memory alloy (TiAl6V4, 1.2709)
  - Actuator component



RFID integration



Sensor/actuator system within a femoral hip stem



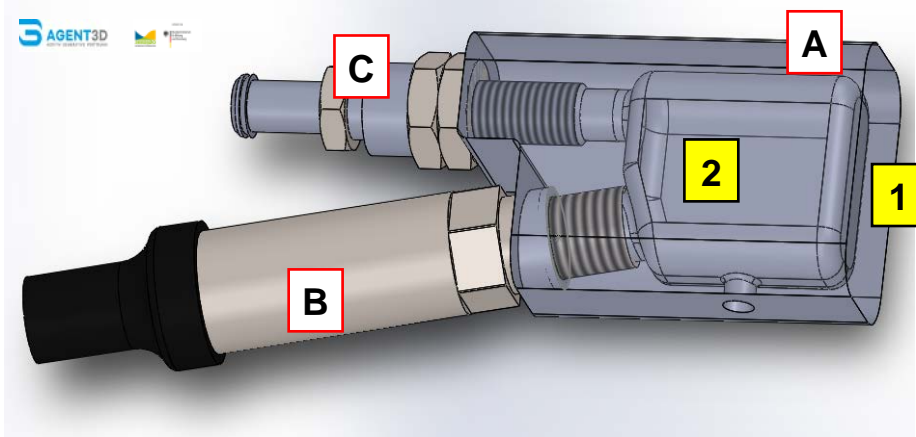
Shape memory alloy molten in 1.2709



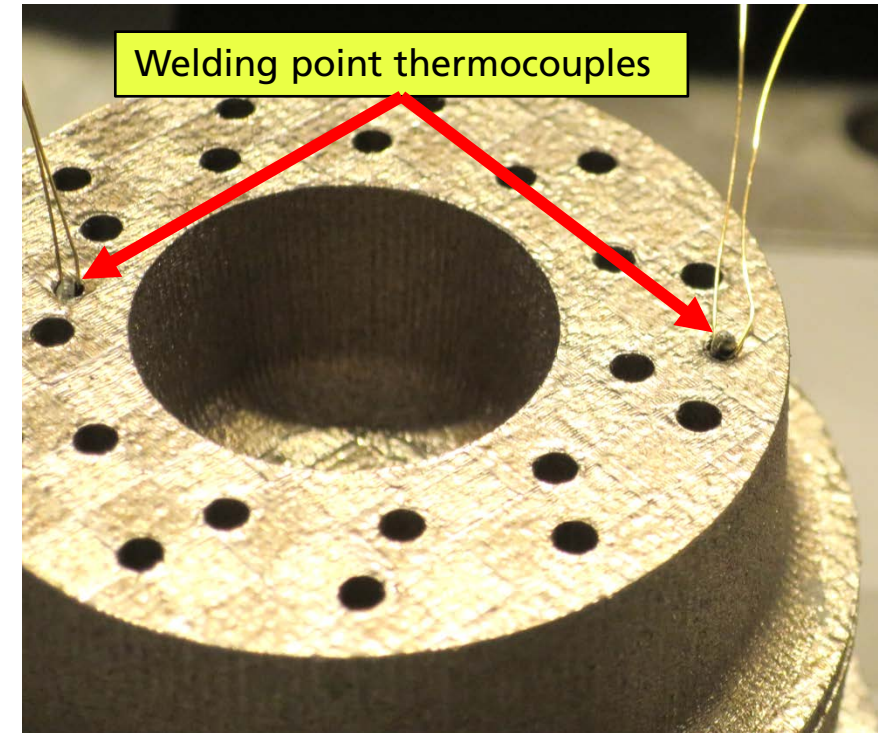
# Functionalization of additive components

## Sensor integration in tools and dies

- Temperature measurement
  - Thermocouples (1.2709, Corrax®)
- Pressure measurement
  - Strain gauges (1.4404)
  - Fluid based (1.2709)



CAD-Modell Fluid based pressure Sensor



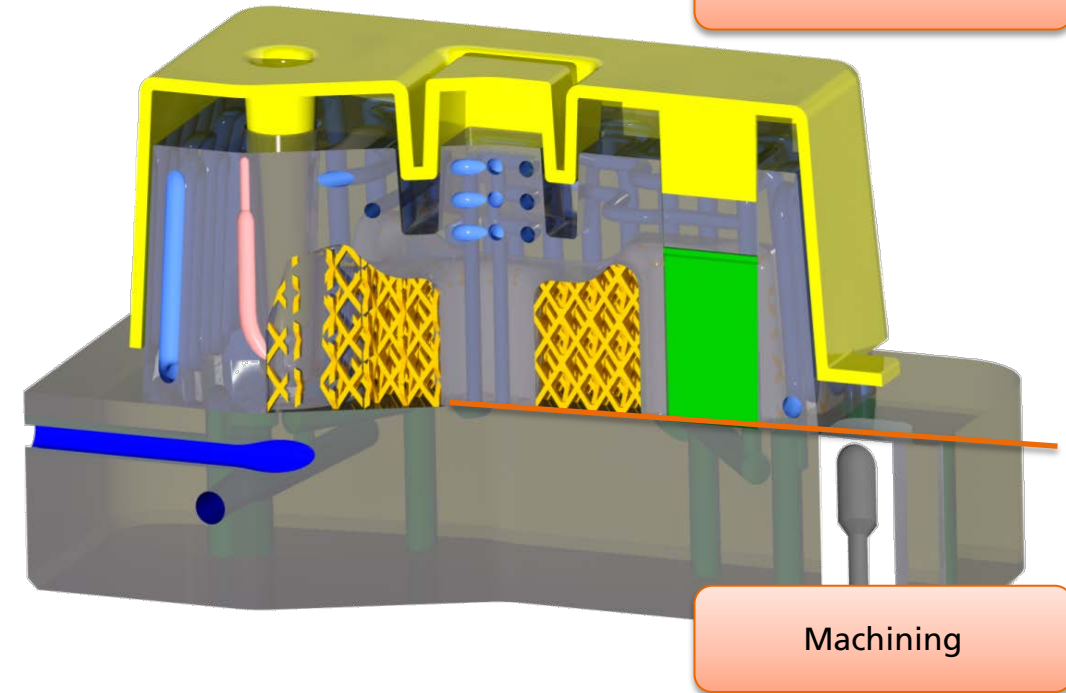
Uddehlom  
AM Insert  
(Corrax®)

- Additive measuring insert [A] with membrane [1] and reservoir [2]
- Electronic pressure sensor [B]
- Venting valve [C]

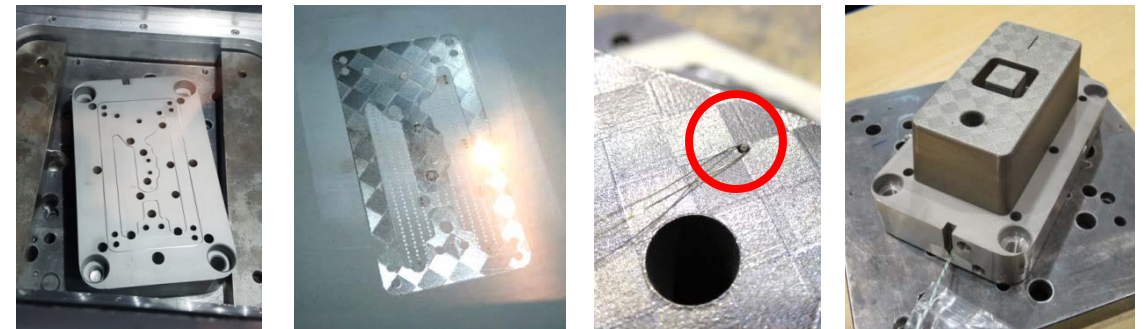
# Functionalization of additive components

## Applications

- AGENT-3D FunGeoS – Plastic injection mold
  - Lightweight design for material and cost reduction
  - Hybrid tooling
    - machined base body
    - additive manufactured structure on the base body
  - Integration of thermocouple and pressure sensor
  - Porous structures for tool venting



CAD-Model of the plastic injection mold FunGeoS

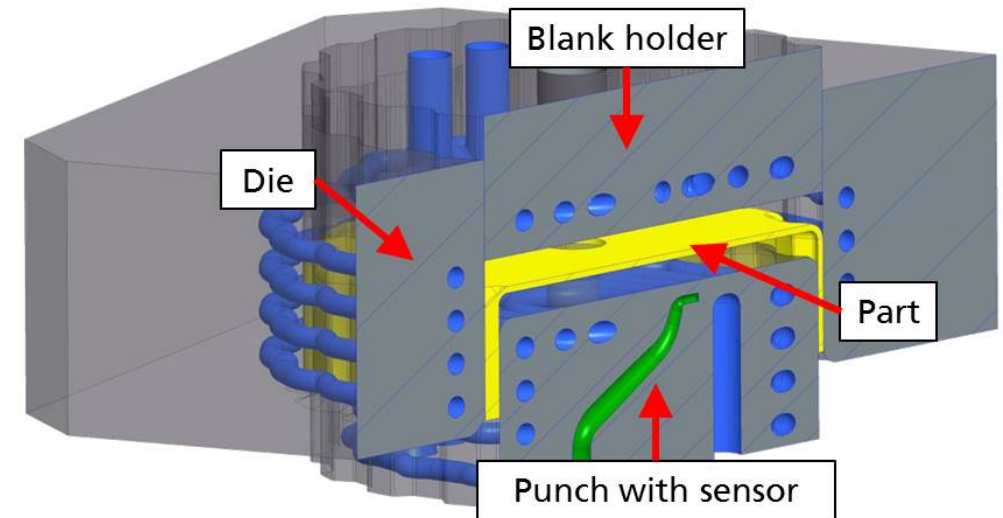


Hybrid process chain of the mold manufacturing

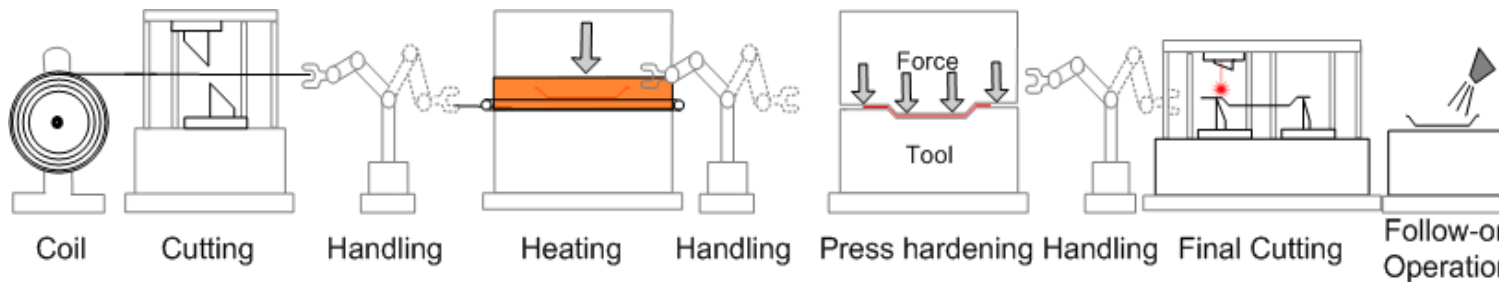
# Functionalization of additive components

## Applications

- MANUNET project "HiperFormTool"
  - Increasing the performance of different sheet metal forming technologies by AM tooling
  - Added value and integration of additional functionalities
  - Depending on target application cooling, heating, lubrication and sensor integration



Assembly with innovative cooling system (CAD model)



Press hardening process

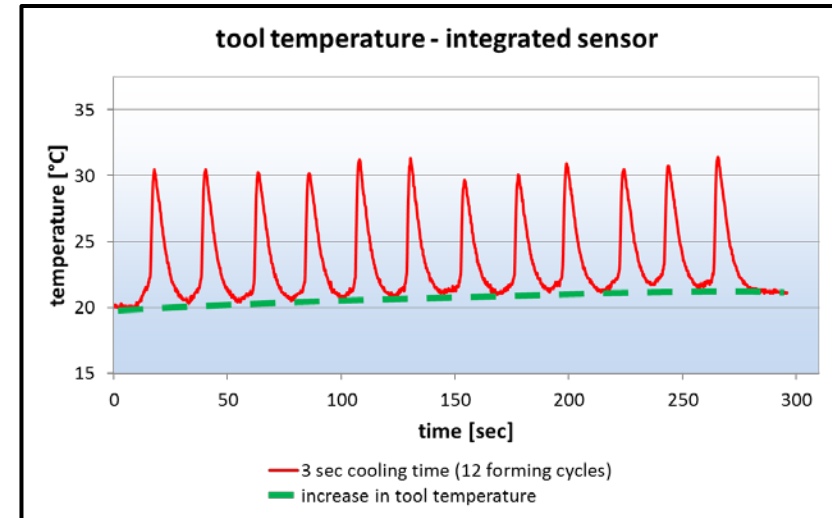
Source: Stoll, Philipp: "High Performance Sheet Metal Forming Tooling by AM"; iCAT2016; Nürnberg; 30.11.2016

# Functionalization of additive components

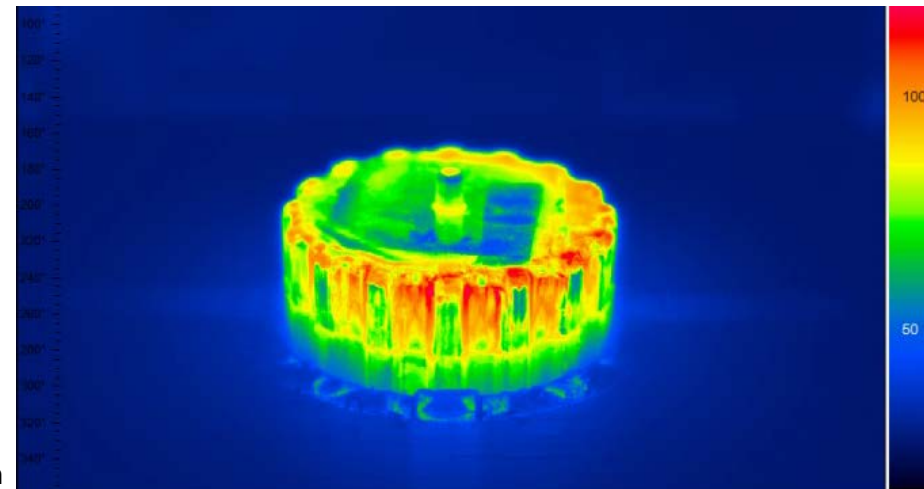
## Applications



- MANUNET project "HiperFormTool"
  - Integration of a thermocouple into the punch → proof of concept
  - Only 3 mm distance to the surface
  - Significant reduction of cooling/holding time from 10 s to 3 s



Temperature profile over 12 forming cycles at 3 seconds holding/cooling time



Re-cooling additively manufactured tool punch

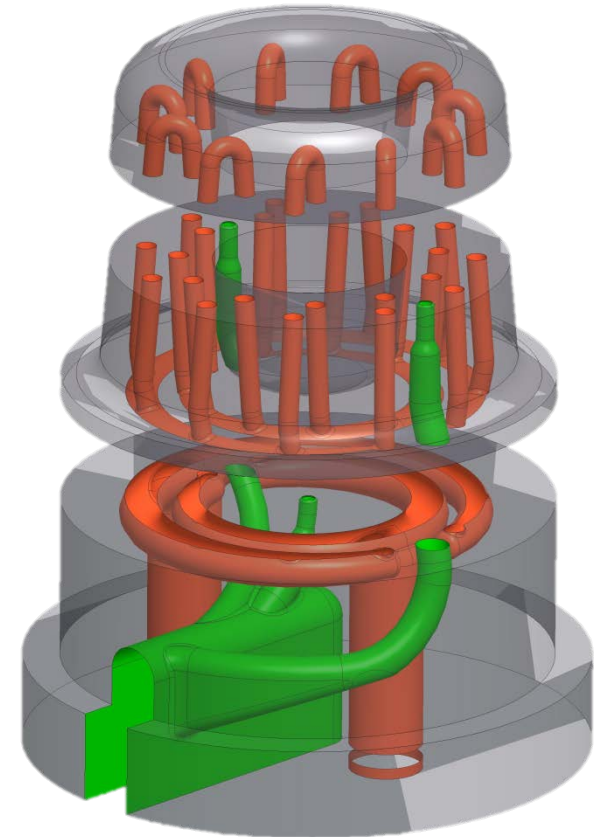
# Uddeholm AM insert



# Uddeholm AM insert

## Objectives

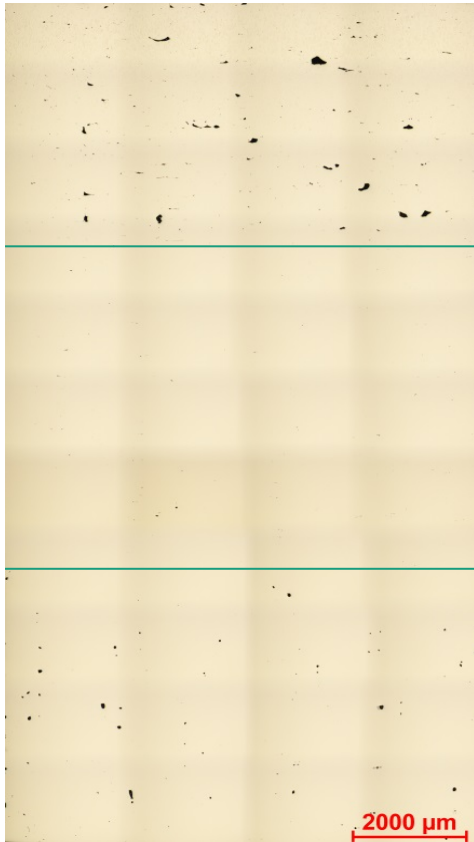
- Parameter qualification for Corrax® material (M2 Cusing)
- CAD-design of a geometry for easy integration of the thermocouples
- Manufacturing of two high pressure die casting inserts with thermocouples
- Integration of 3 thermocouples (3 different positions) in each insert



# Uddeholm AM insert

## Parameter qualification

### ■ Examples of parameter variations



Layer thickness 60 μm, Laser Power 370 W

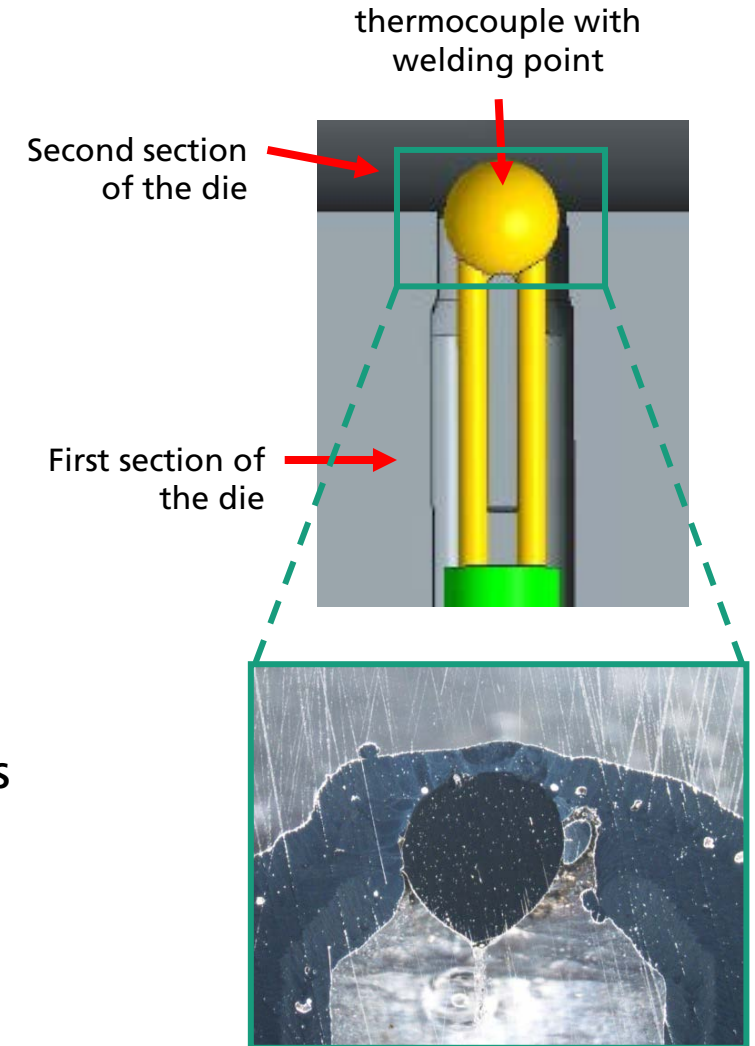
**Layer thickness 25 μm, Laser Power 370 W**

Layer thickness 45 μm, Laser Power 370 W

# Uddeholm AM insert

## Approach and challenges

- Thermocouple properties:
  - Thermocouple type K (min. -270 °C, max. 1300 °C)
  - Insolation up to 700 °C temperature resistance
- Costs equipment:
  - 100 m wire thermocouple type K ~ 90,00 €
  - Price for a plug ~ 2,00 €/unit
  - Costs for a appropriate reader/amplifier with 8 or 16 channels varies from 300,00 € up to 5000,00 €
- Preparation before integration:
  - Cut to size
  - Welding the leads together



Thermocouple integration, CAD model and microscopic image (exemplary)

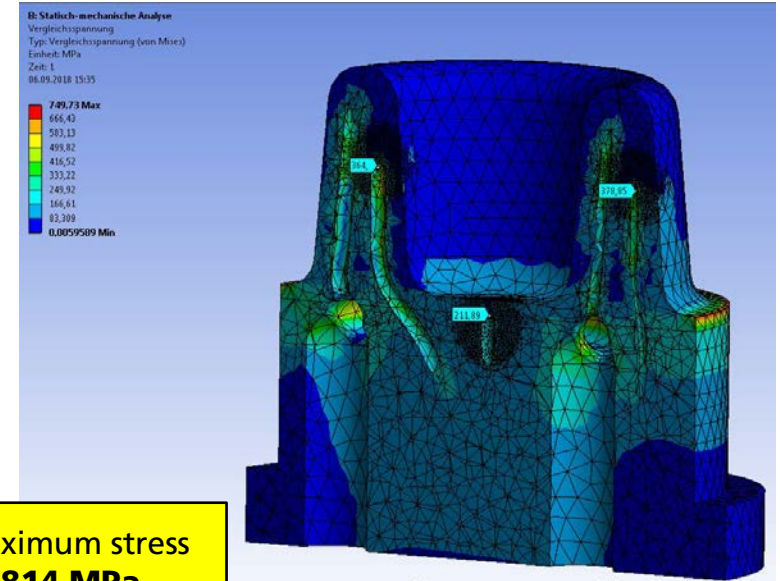


# Uddeholm AM insert

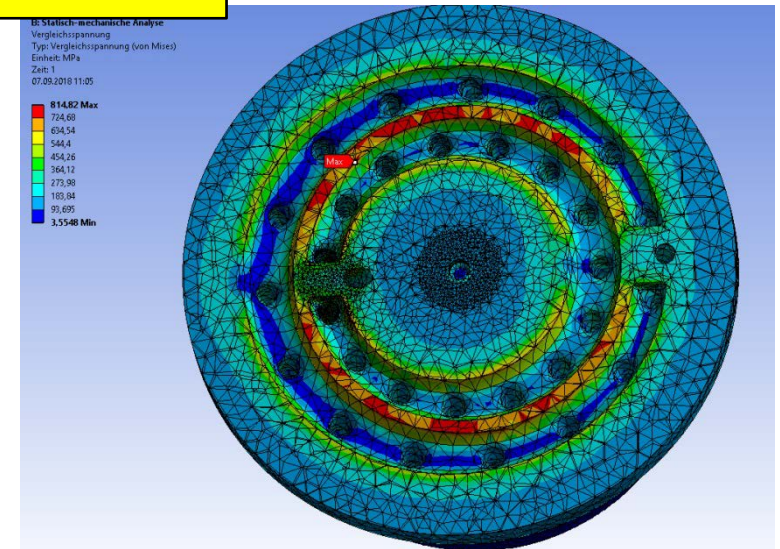
## Approach and challenges

- CAD design including cooling channels and the position of the thermocouples as well as the powder material provided by Uddeholm
- Parameter qualification for Corrax® material (Concept Laser M2 Cusing)
- Design of the geometry for thermocouple integration
- FE analysis to verify integrity
- Build job and thermocouple integration
  - First iteration: two thermocouples couldn't be integrated
  - Second iteration: successful integration of all thermocouples

Redesign



Maximum stress  
**814 MPa**

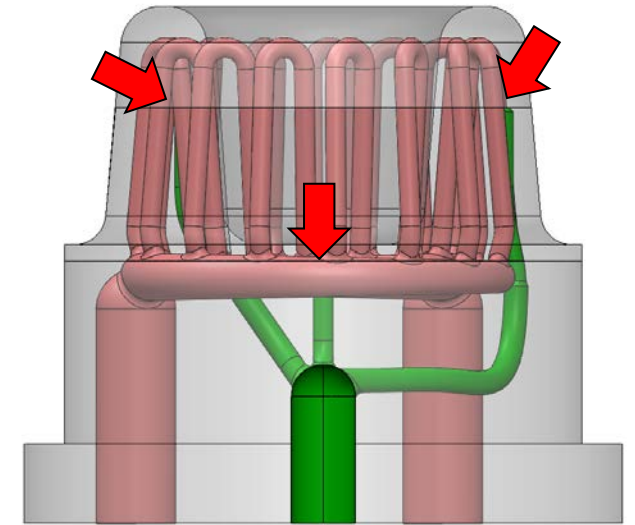


Results FE analysis second iteration

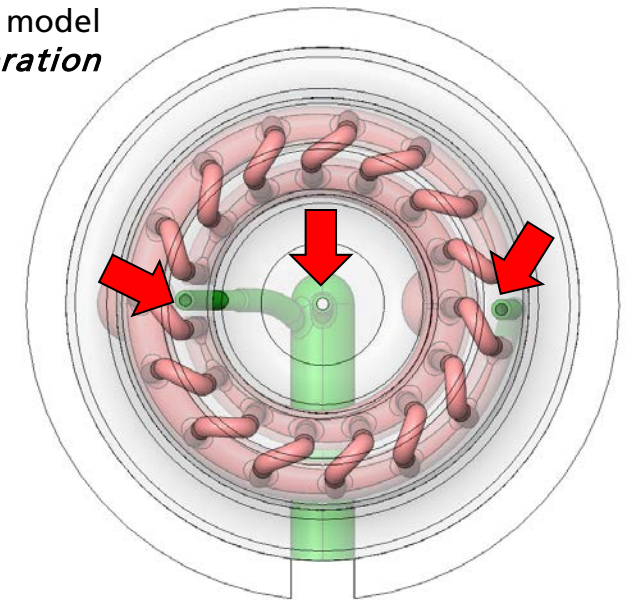
# Uddeholm AM insert

## Approach and challenges

- CAD design first iteration:
  - Design of the geometry for thermocouple integration
  - 16 parallel cooling channels
  - Smallest space between cooling and integration geometry ~ 1 mm
  - Diameters:
    - Thermocouple: 2,2 mm
    - Channel for thermocouple: 3,0 mm 2,5 mm
- Result
  - Because of the limited space between the cooling channels 2 thermocouples couldn't be integrated



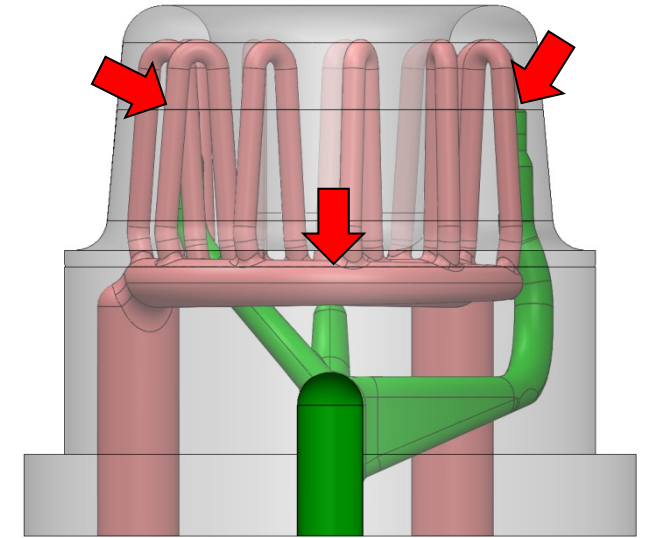
3D CAD model  
*first iteration*



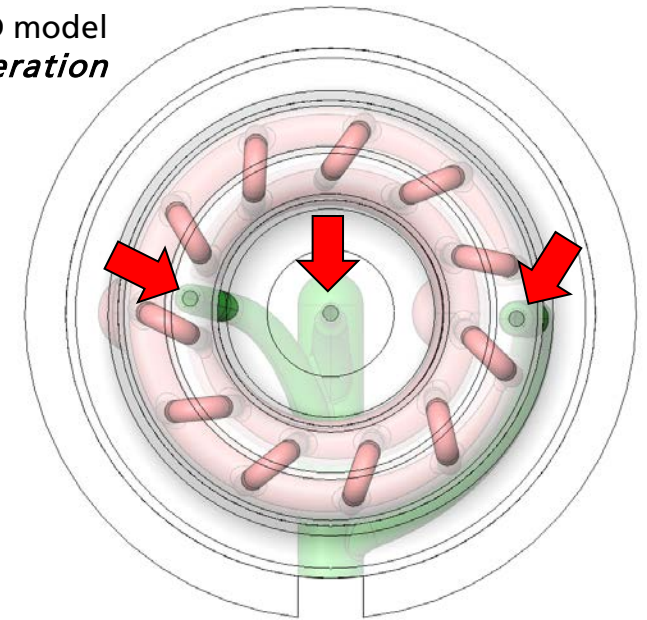
# Uddeholm AM insert

## Approach and challenges

- CAD design second iteration:
  - Reduction of the parallel cooling channels
  - 11 parallel cooling channels
  - More space for thermocouple integration
  - Smallest space between cooling and integration geometry ~ 1 mm
  - Diameters:
    - Thermocouple: 2,2 mm
    - Channel for thermocouple: 3,7 mm 2,5 mm
- Results
  - All thermocouples could be integrated



3D CAD model  
*second iteration*





# Uddeholm AM insert

## Approach and challenges

- Manufacturing of the inserts
  - Total build time 29:15
  - Layer thickness 25  $\mu\text{m}$
  - Laser Power 370 W

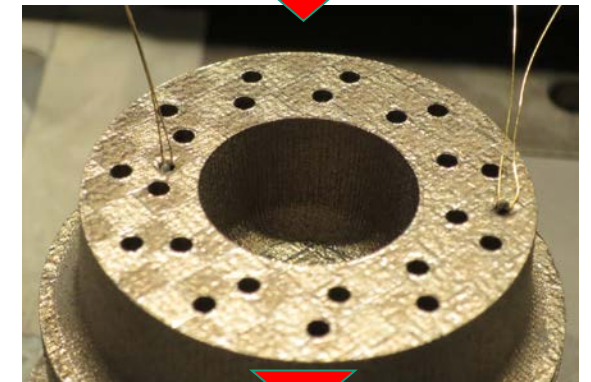
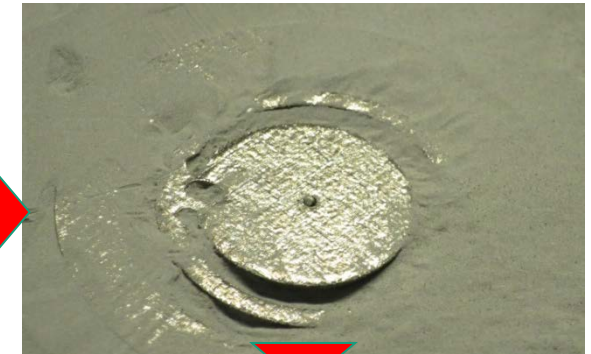


Additively  
manufactured insert  
*first Iteration*



Additively  
manufactured insert  
*second Iteration*

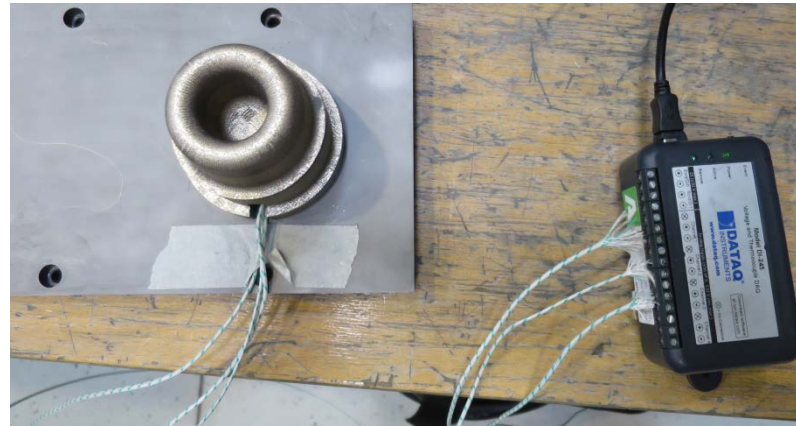
Process chain sensor integration



# Uddeholm AM insert

## Post process

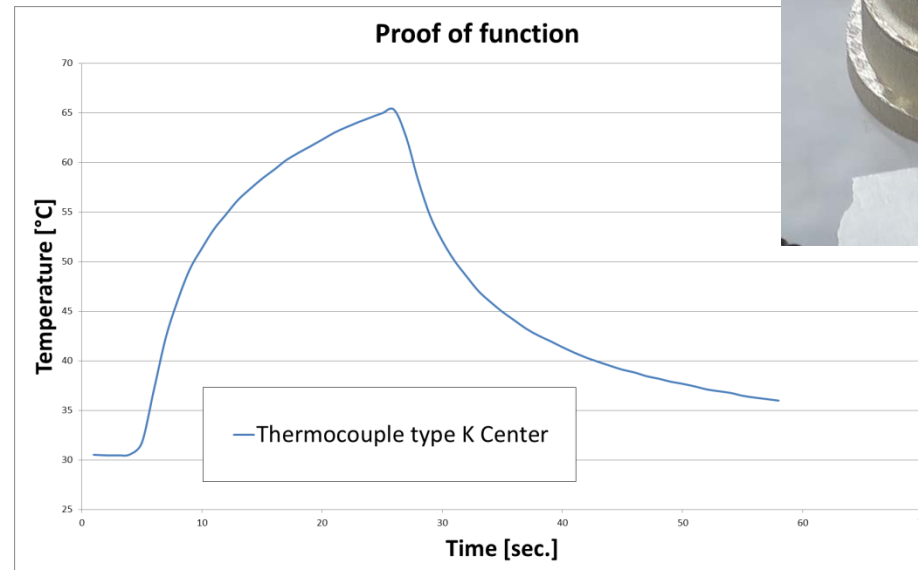
1. Powder removal
2. Proof of function by using a heat gun
3. Separating the insert from the build plate using wire EDM



Testing thermocouples



Insert ready for EDM





# Uddeholm AM insert

## Summary

- Successful parameter qualification for Corrax® material (Concept Laser M2 Cusing)
- After the CAD- data optimization all thermocouples could be integrated
- Two Uddeholm AM inserts were manufactured by LBM
  - One insert with 1 thermocouple
  - One insert with all 3 thermocouples
- Proof of function was done after the LBM process
- Uddeholm AM inserts removed successfully from the build plate by wire EDM

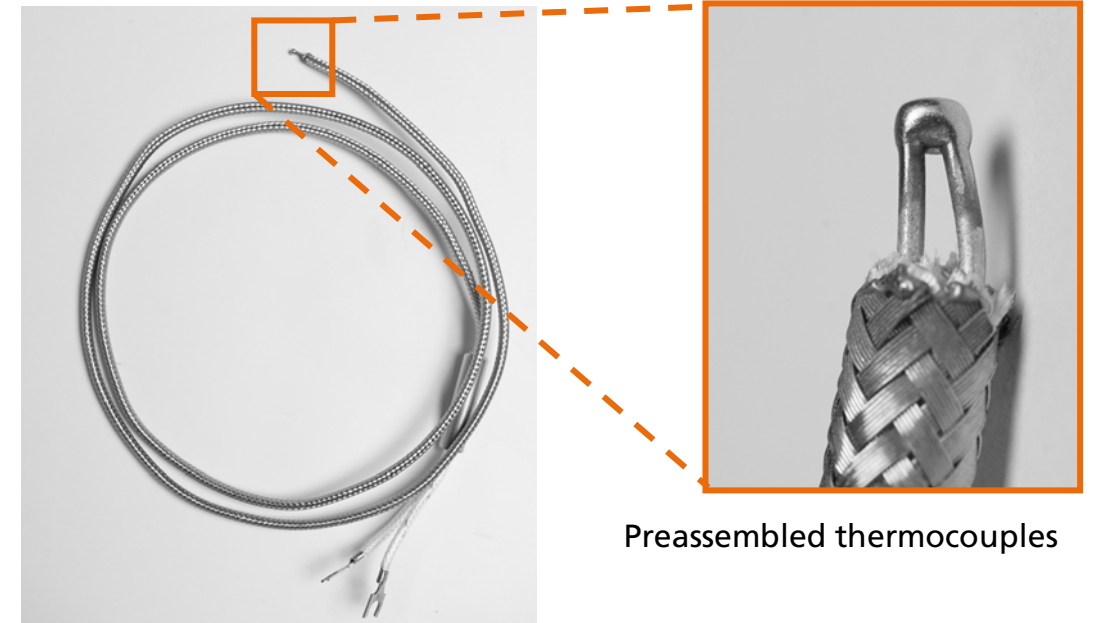


Additiv manufactured Uddeholm AM insert with 3 thermocouples

# Outlook & further research activities

# Outlook & further research activities

- Thermocouples:
  - Smaller preassembled thermocouples
    - Short preparation
    - Easier handling
  - Plug in solution (at the tool)
    - Easier post processing
- Different sensor types:
  - Direct write → tool wear
  - Acoustic → tool life
  - Strain gauge → tool load
- Automation of the integration process
- Wireless data transmission



Preassembled thermocouples

Proof of concept strain gauge





# Range of Service

- Assistance in the selection or development of a demanding series component
- Development and design of cooling systems
- Support for the overall tool design, independent design of the tool inserts for additive manufacturing
- Additive manufacturing of tooling inserts using laser beam melting at the IWU
- Implementation of the laser beam melted inserts in the tool
- Production ramp-up support, gathering of relevant manufacturing data for benchmark with conventional tool
- Evaluation of cycle time, tool life and dimensional accuracy and quality of molded/casted parts to a comparable, conventionally manufactured tool
- Integration of sensors within additively manufactured tools and tool inserts
- Specific trainings regarding additive manufacturing

# Thank you for your attention



**Fraunhofer**

IWU

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