

AUTOMATED CONTINUOUS FABRICATION OF LOAD-PATH ADAPTED THERMOPLASTIC FIBER PREPREGS

26 June 2018 | Felix Gabriel, Daniel Nebel and Alexander Fürst | ECCM18



Outline: Automated Continuous Fabrication Load-Path Adapted Thermoplastic Fiber Prepregs

- Introduction and Motivation for Load-Path Adapted Thermoplastic Fiber Prepregs
- Objective: Adaptive matrix application for load-path adapted textiles
- Solution approach: Sensor-based control strategy for automated powder application
- Conclusions and Outlook



Status quo: fabrication process for fiber-reinforced thermoplastic parts

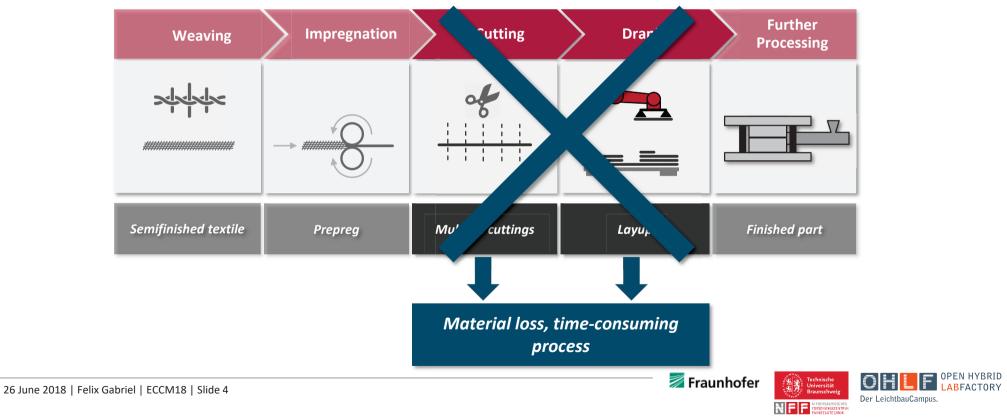
- Draping of isotropic prepregs into a load-path adapted layup
- Consolidation of the layup into the finished part

Weaving	Impregnation	Cutting	Draping	Further Processing
Semifinished textile	Prepreg	Multiple cuttings	Layup	Finished part



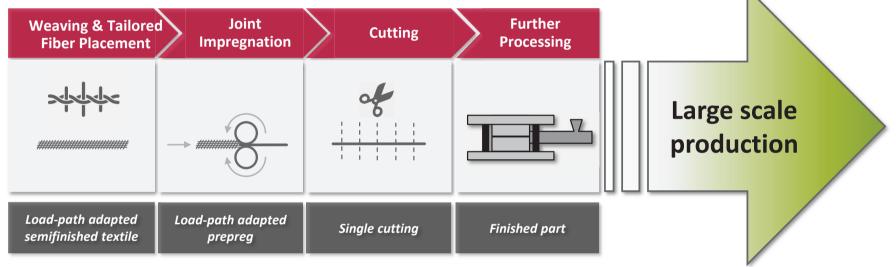
Status quo: fabrication process for fiber-reinforced thermoplastic parts

- Draping of isotropic prepregs into a load-path adapted layup
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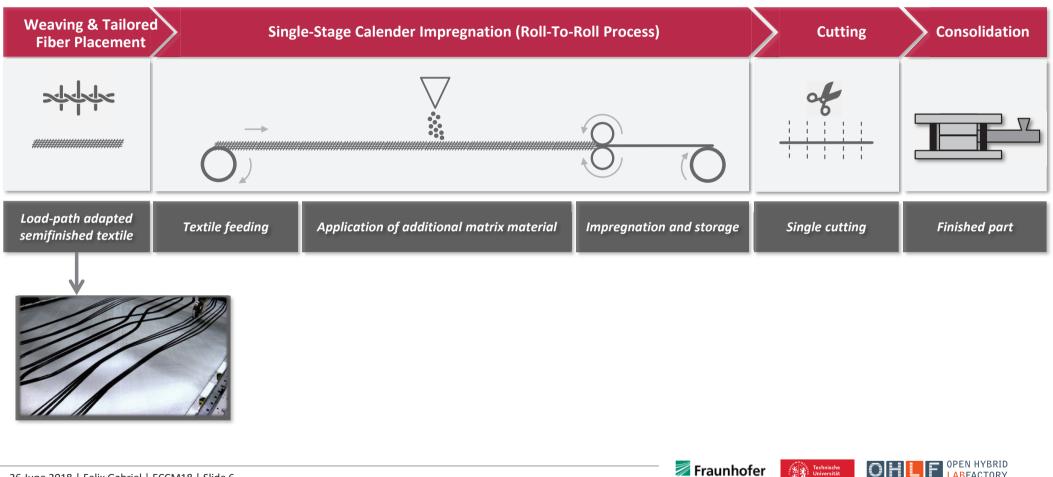


Solution approach: utilization of load-path adapted semifinished textile

- Fabrication of load-path adapted semifinished textile (tailored fiber placement)
- Single-stage impregnation and cutting for consolidation into the finished part



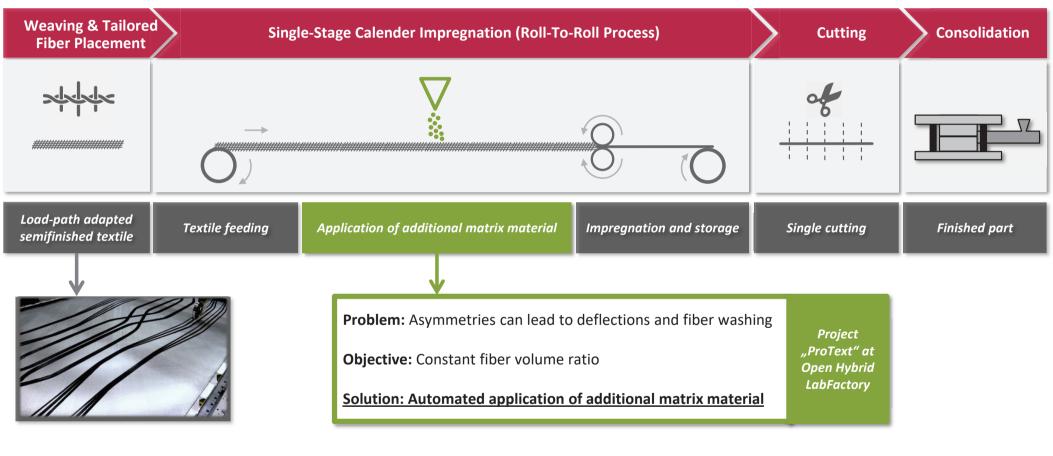




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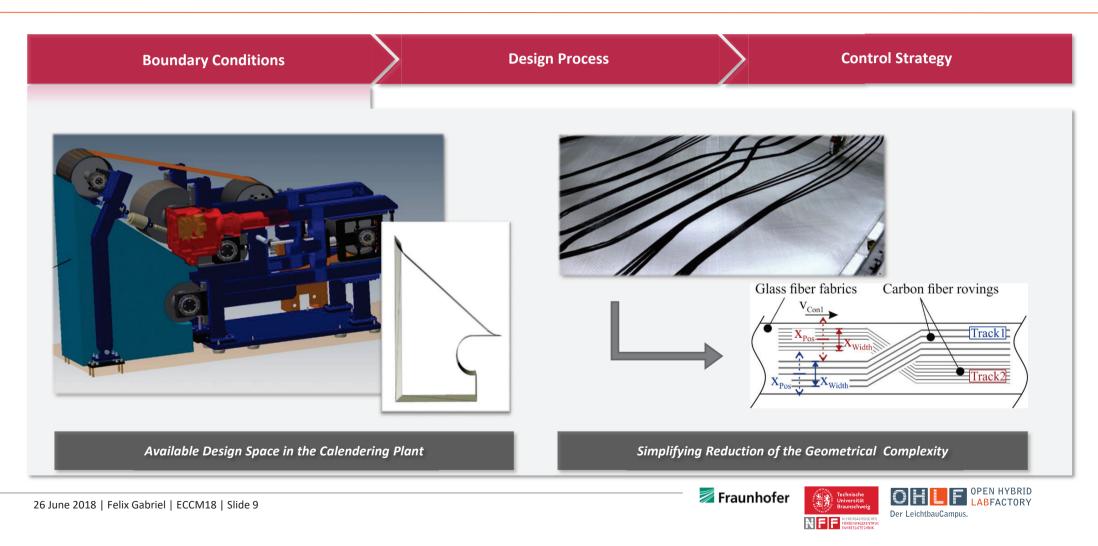
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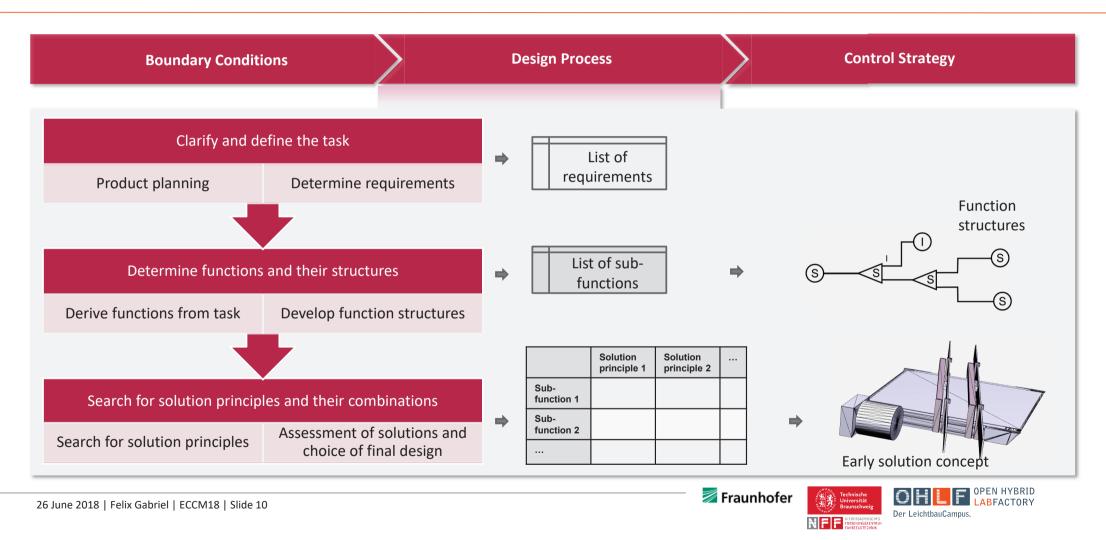


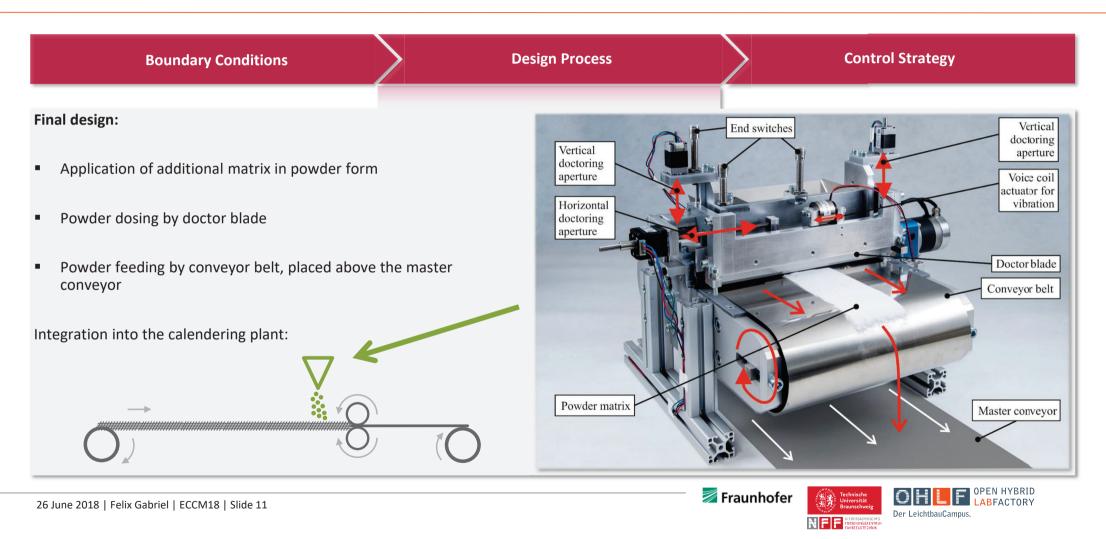
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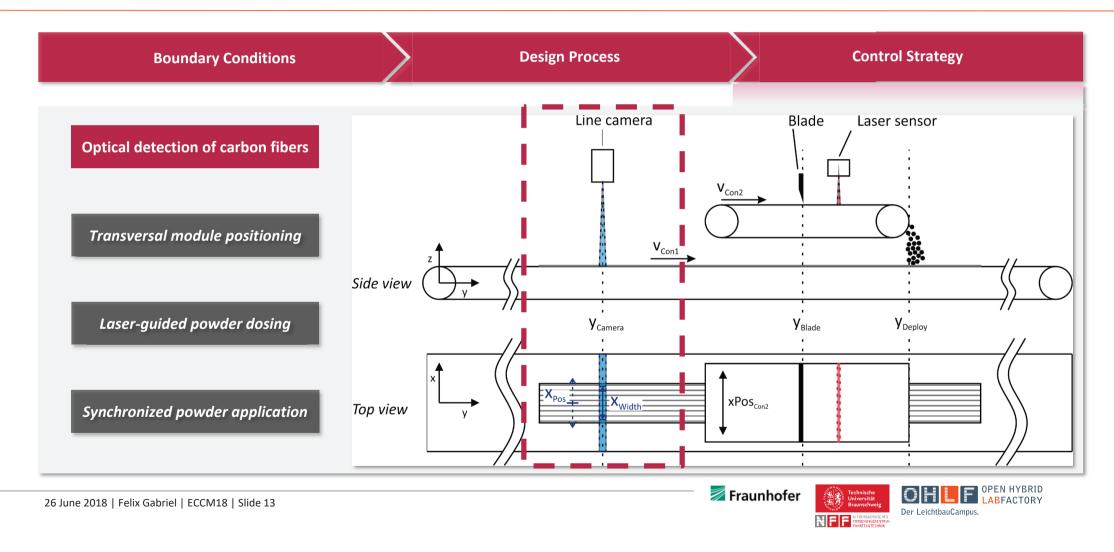


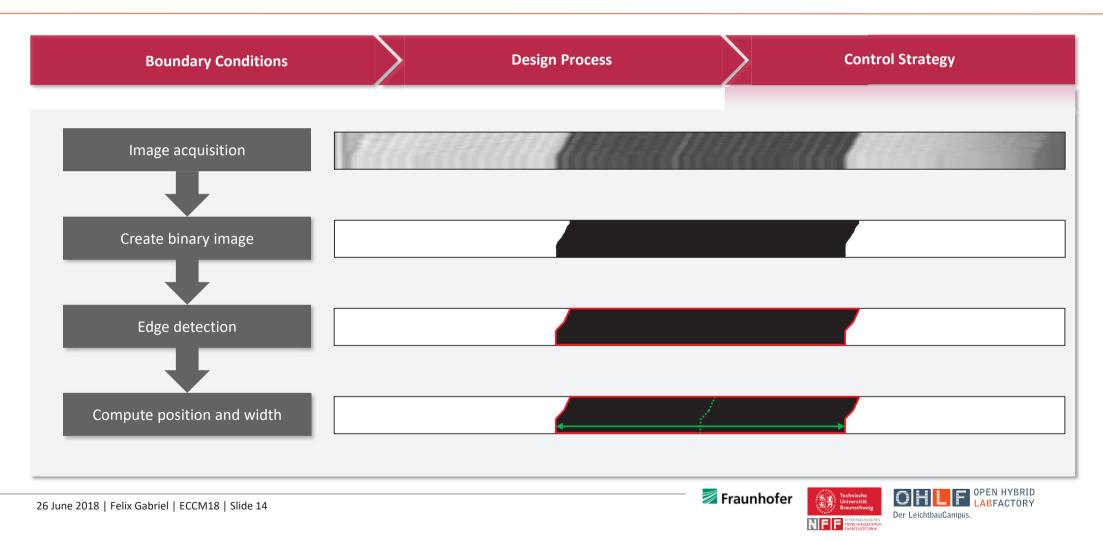


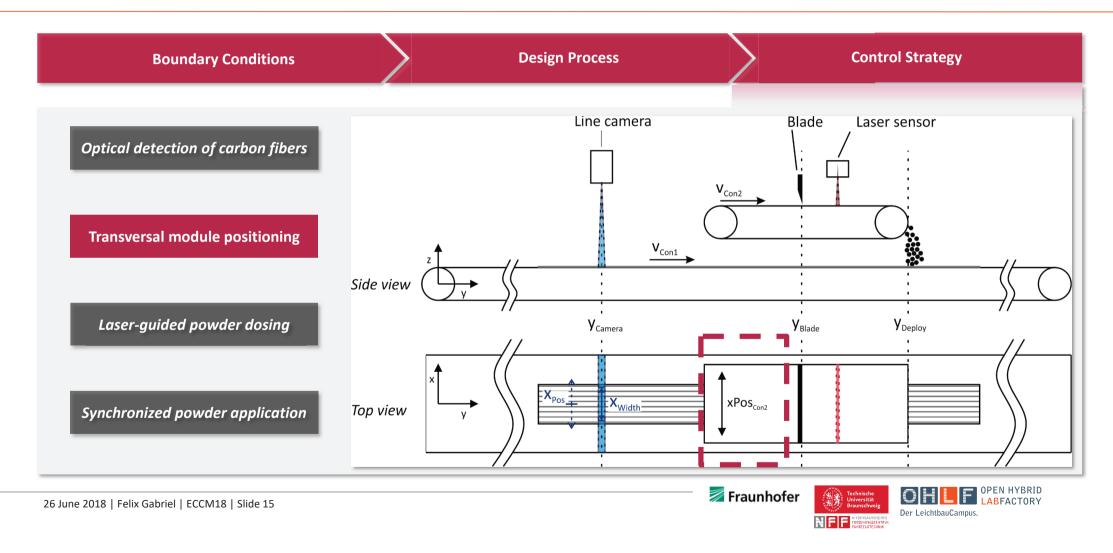
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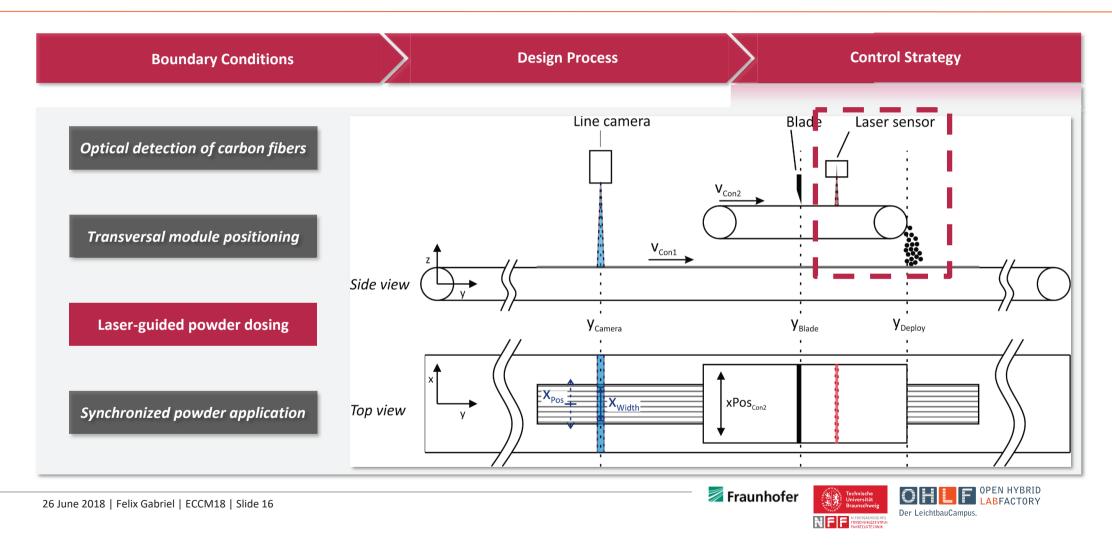
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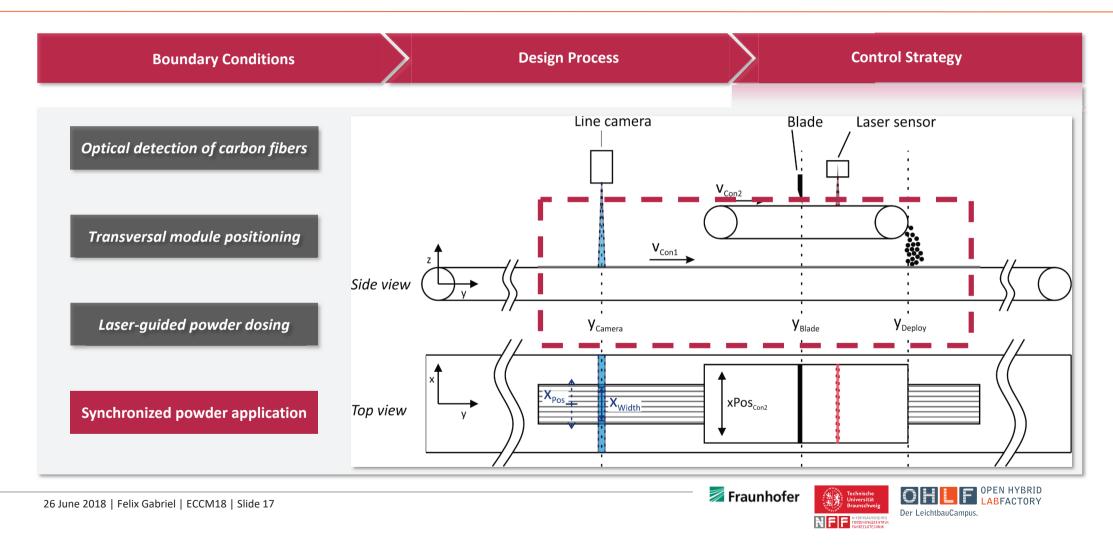








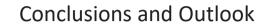


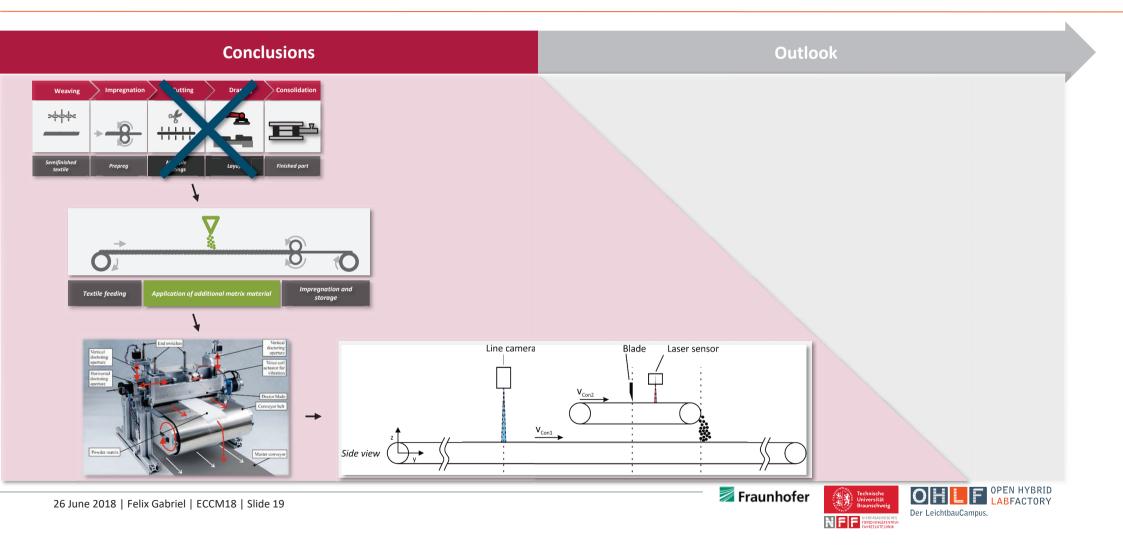


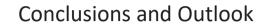
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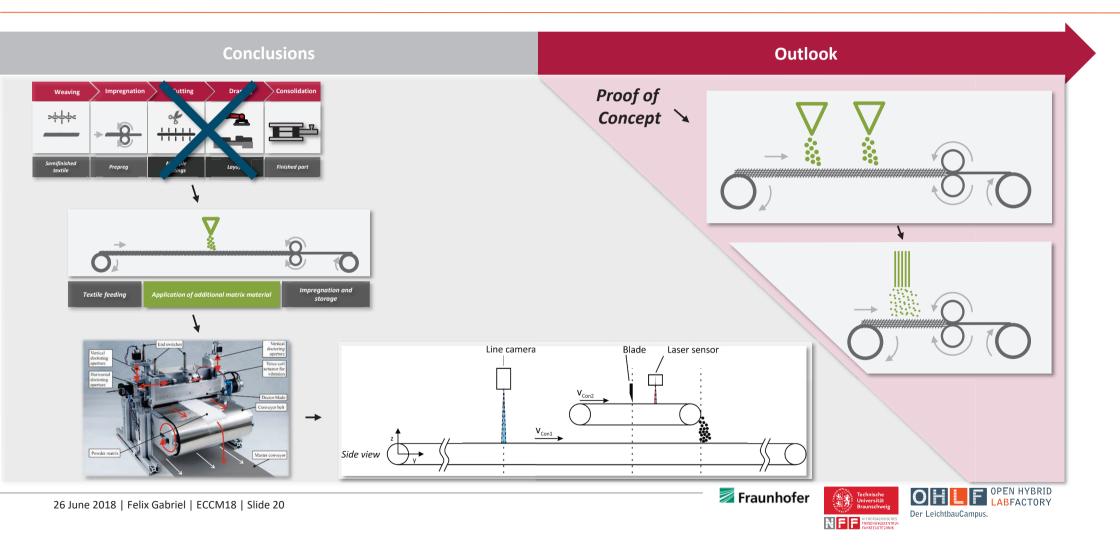
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