### OPTIMISING MAINTENANCE DATA MANAGEMENT

TO BOOST TURBINE EFFICIENCY

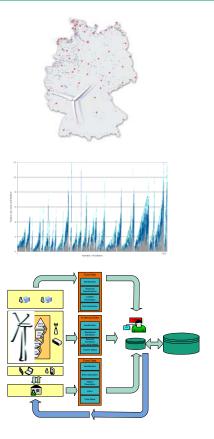
# **DEWEK 2010**

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## OPTIMISING MAINTENANCE DATA MANAGEMENT

- Introduction
  - Motivation
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- Wind Turbine Maintenance
  - Maintenance Organisation
  - Reliability of Wind Turbines
  - Common Data Base
- Data Management
- Conclusions & Outlook





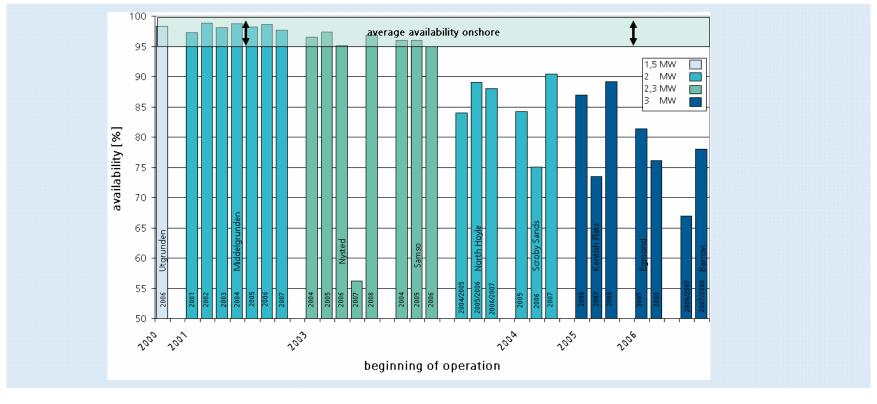
#### Motivation

Starting Point: Modern wind turbines achieve high availability

Number of faults cause unplanned downtimes

high maintenance efforts and costs

Offshore: drop of availability expected





### Background

# EVW (Increasing availability of wind turbines)

Funded by the German Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety

Task: Knowledge management and maintenance optimisation as methodical base for increasing the availability of wind power plants

ENERTRAG Wind turbine data Turbine Maintenancemanagement Controller / SCADA **Maintenance data** Operator 7 89 <u>,</u>⊞ Fitter Management Service Experts **Common data pool** Analyses for design 0,⊞ optimisation Manufacture Analyses for 📺 maintenance optimisation Forecast Interfaces **Technical data** Management data

Fraunhofer

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Zukunft ernten

IZP

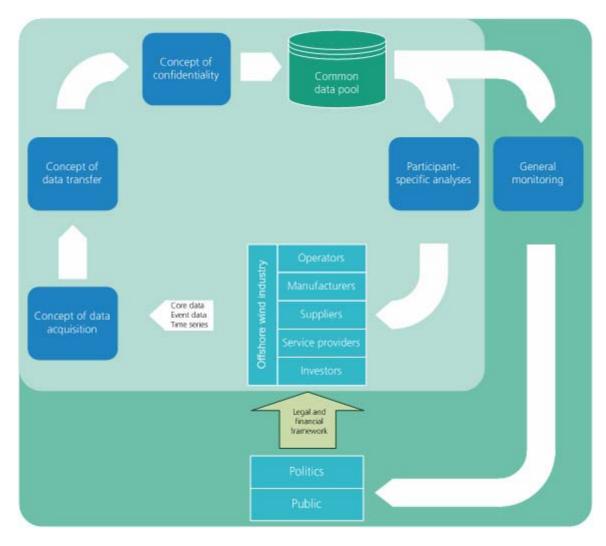


### Background

#### Offshore~WMEP

Funded by the German Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety

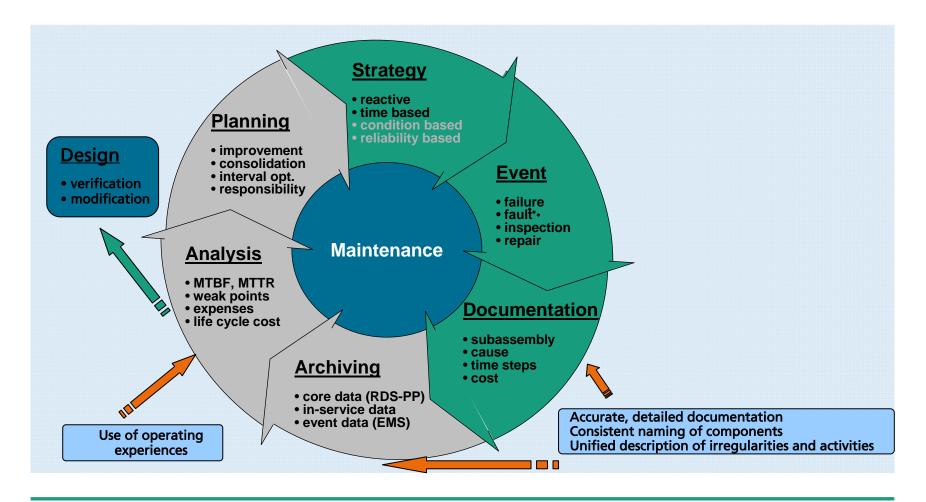
The project is a follow-up project to the onshore wind energy monitoring program 'Scientific Measurement and Evaluation Program' (WMEP) and accompanies the offshore wind energy deployment in Germany





#### Maintenance organisation

#### Lacking of a closed maintenance loop



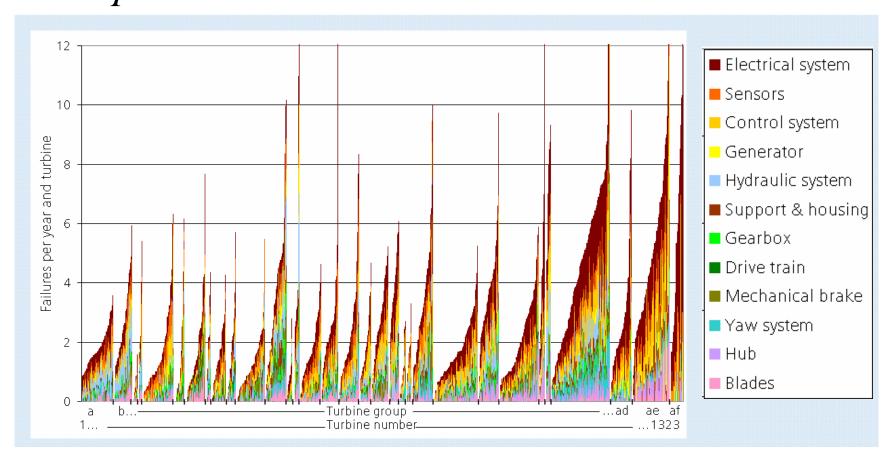


#### Reliability of wind turbines

 $\lambda = \frac{\sum n}{T}$ 

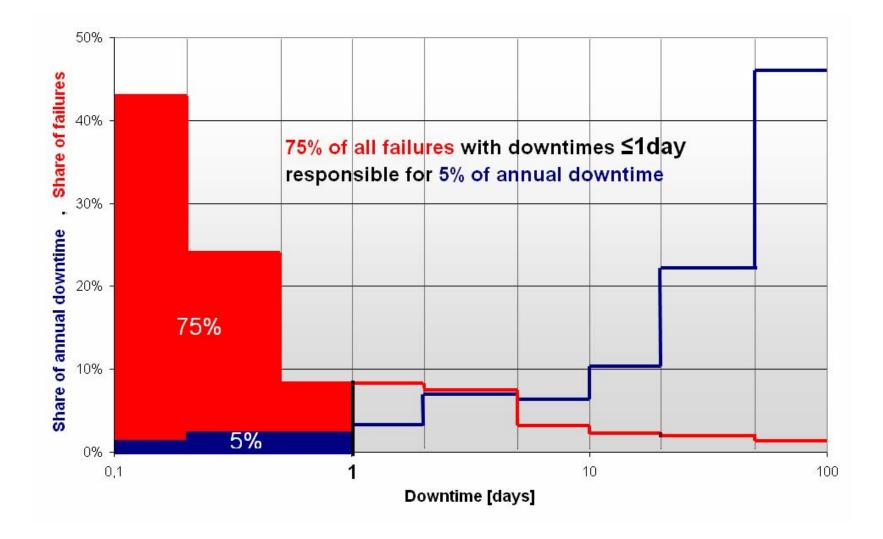
n:number of failures T:Time of operation

n = n(failure cause; Subassembly)





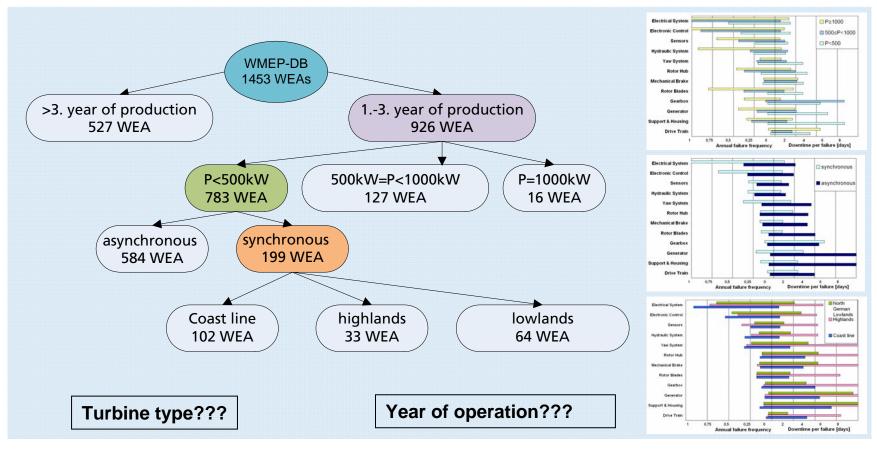
#### Reliability of wind turbines





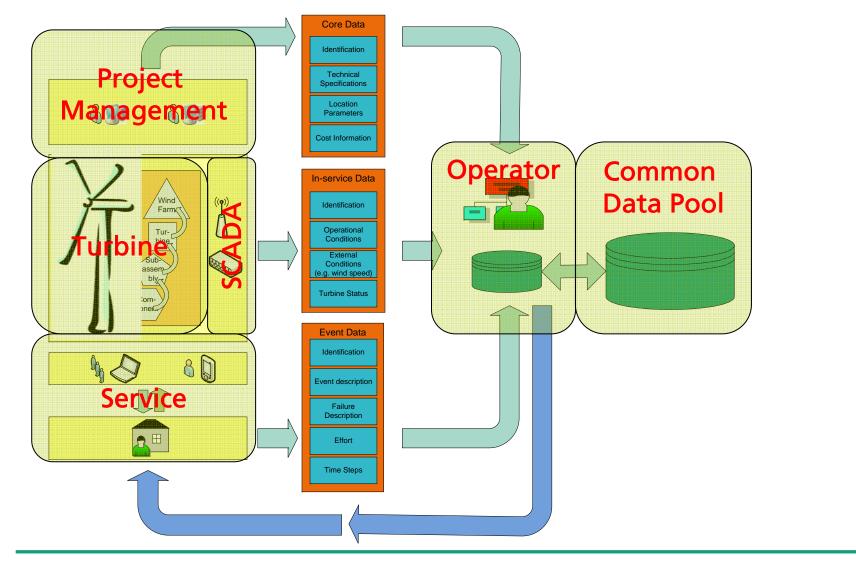
#### **Appropriate Failure Statistics**

■ For differential analysis distinctions regarding size, technical concepts, site conditions, etc. must be made





#### Data Management

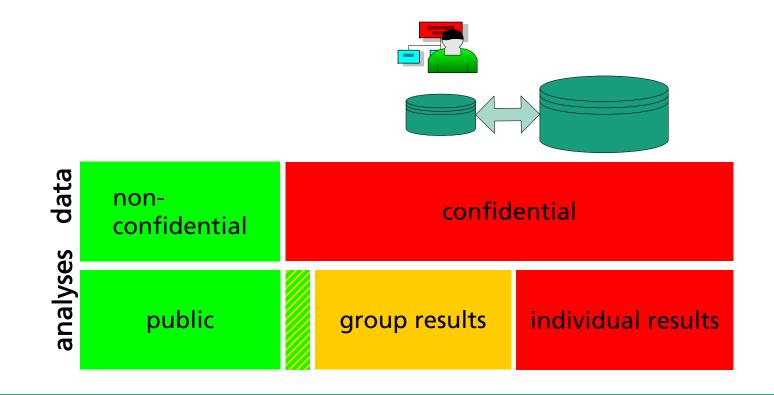




#### Data Management

#### Confidentiality concept

- Defines data and results
- Regulates which data are confidential and which are non-confidential
- Defines Individual and group results and results for public
- Controls for whom the results are available



#### Conclusions

Potential for availability improvement and for reducing maintenance effort exists

Common data base needed due to parameter diversity

#### Different concepts necessary

- **Overall data structure**
- Standards and definitions
- Core data, In-Service data, Event data
- → RDS-PP, EMS (adopted), Time steps

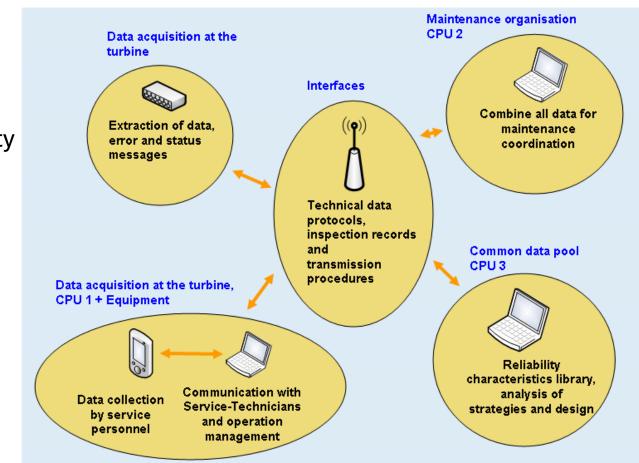


#### Outlook

Preparing recommended practices for reliability based maintenance

Developing a test and demonstration system

Expand common data pool





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# *Thank you for your attention Visit us at stand C03*



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