

A DECADE OF GERMAN-CANADIAN COOPERATION IN FUEL CELLS

Looking back at our story so far



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Who am I?

- Senior scientist in the Department Fuel Cell Systems at Fraunhofer Institute for Solar Energy Systems, ISE in Freiburg Germany since 2019
- Joined the department in 2011 first as an NSERC postdoctoral fellow after which I received a full contract
- Canadian citizen with all my education being completed at the University of Waterloo, ON, Canada in Mechanical Engineering
- Contributed to fuel cell development since 2005 with my work published in various research journals
- Active member of the research community; conference organization, advisory board membership, editorial duties, reviewing and student supervision
- Responsible for many industry projects

Fraunhofer Institute for Solar Energy Systems ISE

Research for the Energy Transformation



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Directors

Prof. Dr. Hans-Martin Henning

Prof. Dr. Andreas Bett

Staff

ca. 1300

Scientists, engineers, students

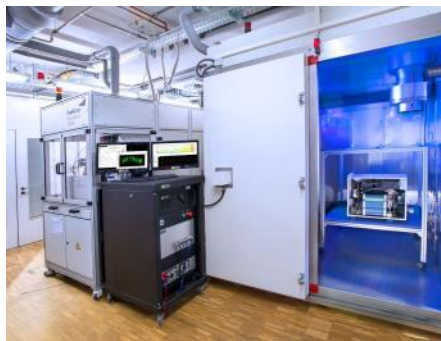
Budget 2019

Operation	93,5 Mio. EUR
Investment	10,6 Mio. EUR
Total	104,1 Mio. EUR

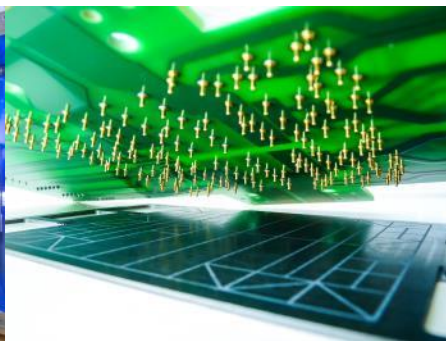
Fuel Cell Research at Fraunhofer ISE

Providing scientifically sound services to our customers

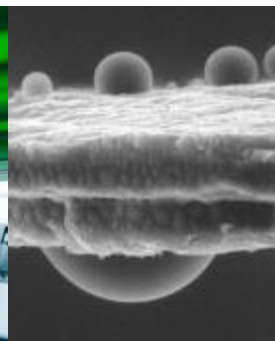
- > 25 years of fuel cell research
- > 20 researchers plus students
- 3.4 Mio € annual budget and 40% direct revenue by industry contract research (2020)
- >500 m² laboratory area with 10 single cell test stations, 4 short stack test stations, 1 system test site, 2 climate chambers (all fully automated for 24/7 operation)
- Focus on transport application (LT PEMFC)



stack testing



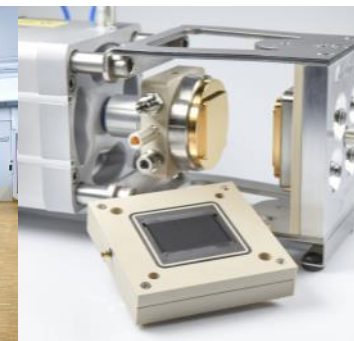
analysis of local effects



SEM analysis



MEA laboratory

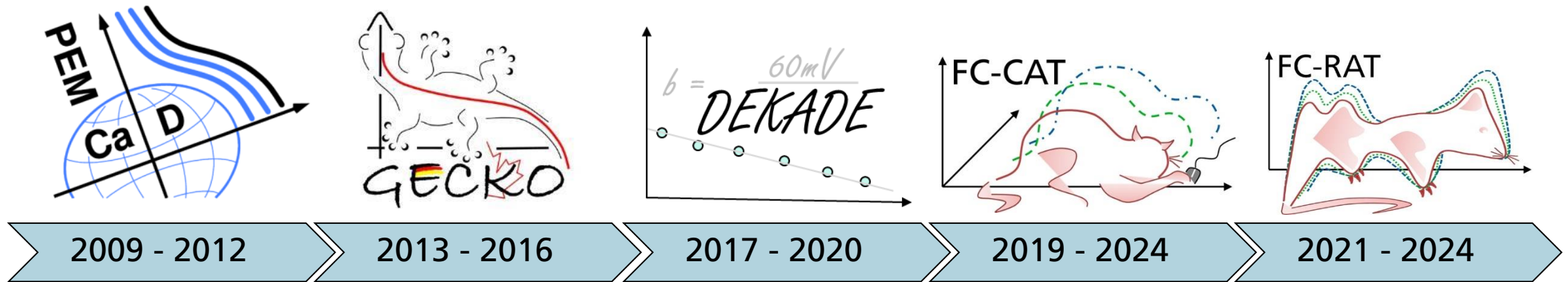


test cell



environmental test of BoP

German-Canadian Cooperation on Fuel Cells Over the Years



micro water management

- DLR
- Fraunhofer ISE
- Fraunhofer ITWM
- Uni Freiburg - IMTEK
- ZSW

novel characterization methods

- Fraunhofer ICT
- Fraunhofer ISE
- MPI-DktS
- Uni Freiburg - IMTEK
- ZSW

component development

- Fraunhofer ISE
- Greenerity
- Uni Freiburg - IAAC
- Uni Freiburg - IMTEK

fuel cell CFD and Through-plane modeling

- Fraunhofer ISE
- AVL
- Uni Freiburg - IMTEK

fuel cell realistic ageing trend modeling

- Fraunhofer ISE
- AVL
- Uni Freiburg - IMTEK

Scientific Success Story

A well-rounded scientific network



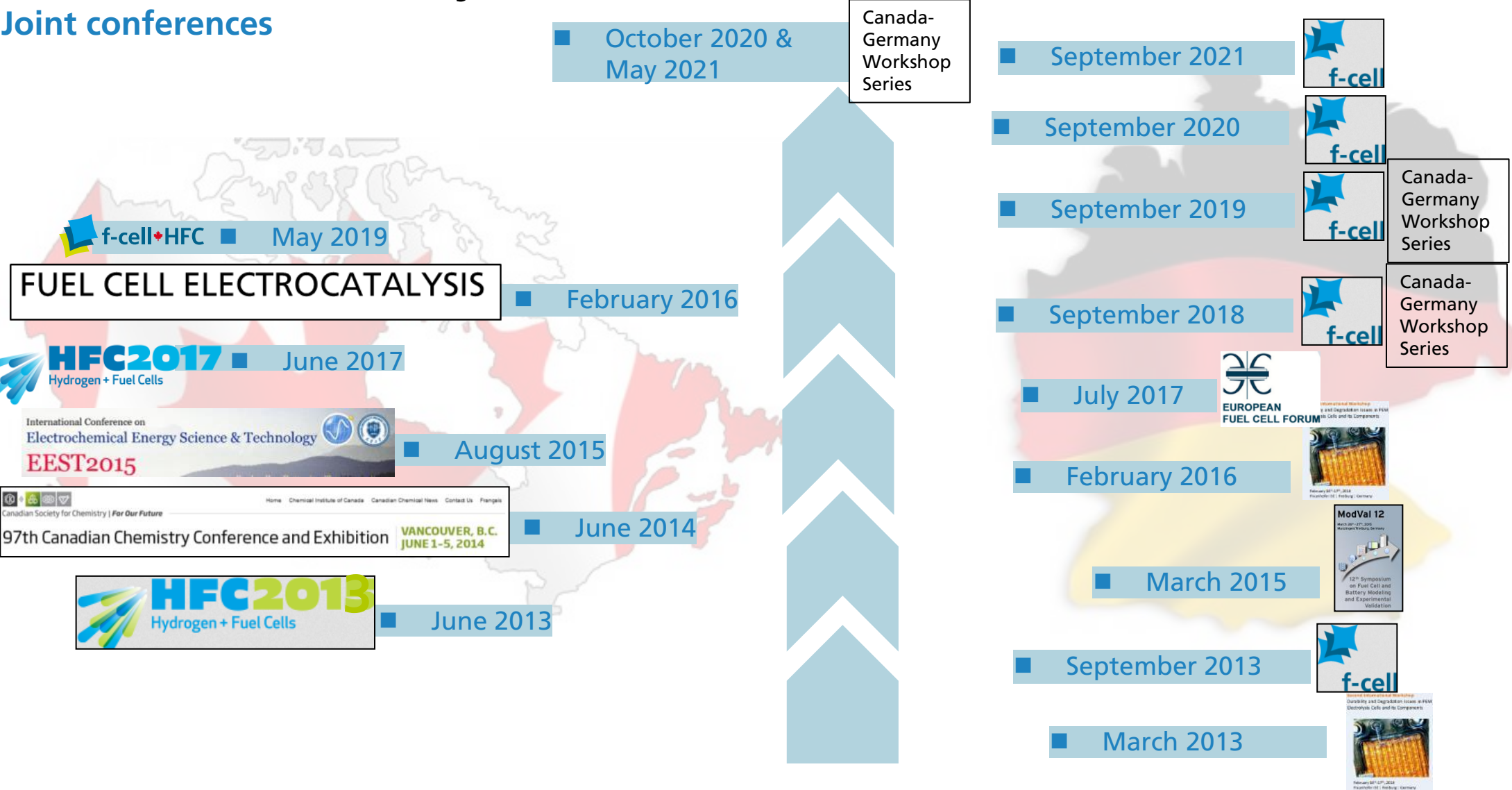
Scientific Success Story

Research staff exchange



Scientific Success Story

Joint conferences



Scientific Success Story

Multiple Scientific Papers and Awards



F-cell award 2015 for development in BMBF project GECKO



F-cell award 2020 for development in BMBF project DEKADE

YEAR	TITLE/AUTHOR
2020	3D lattice Boltzmann modeling of droplet motion in PEM fuel cell channel with realistic GDL microstructure and fluid properties [7] Hou, Y.; Deng, H.; Zamel, N.; Du, Q.; Jiao, K.
2020	Abschlussbericht für das Verbundvorhaben "Deutsch-Kanadische Brennstoffzellenkooperation: Diagnose und Entwicklung von Komponenten für automobile Brennstoffzellen" (Dekade*): Laufzeit: 01.01.2017-31.12.2019 [7] Zamel, N.; Gerteisen, D.; Scherzer, A.-C.; Schneider, P.D.; Groos, U.
2020	Chemische Degradation von Brennstoffzellen-Membranen: Ex-situ Analyse in Fenton-Tests [7] Prass, S.; Georg, A.; Zamel, N.
2020	Full Parametric Study of the Influence of Ionomer Content, Catalyst Loading and Catalyst Type on Oxygen and Ion Transport in PEM Fuel Cell Catalyst Layers [7] Alink, Robert; Singh, Rajveer; Schneider, Patrick; Christmann, Kläre; Schall, Johannes; Keding, Roman; Zamel, Nada
2020	Fundamentals, Materials, and Machine Learning of Polymer Electrolyte Membrane Fuel Cell Technology [7] Wang, Y.; Seo, B.; Wang, B.; Zamel, N.; Jiao, K.; Adroher, X.C.
2020	Impact of cyclic mechanical compression on the electrical contact resistance between the gas diffusion layer and the bipolar plate of a polymer electrolyte membrane fuel cell [7] Bouziane, K.; Khetabi, E.M.; Lachat, R.; Zamel, N.; Meyer, Y.; Candusso, D.
2020	Production of Catalyst Coated Membranes for Low Temperature PEM Fuel Cells: Presentation held at International Conference on Energy and AI, Tianjin, China (R.O.), 09.01.2020-11.01.2020 [7] Zamel, N.; Schneider, P.; Scherzer, A.-C.; Keding, R.; Singh, R.

Download at our website

<https://www.ise.fraunhofer.de/en/business-areas/hydrogen-technologies-and-electrical-energy-storage/fuel-cell-systems.html>

Scientific Success Story

Multiple Scientific Papers and Awards

A Decade of German-Canadian Cooperation in Fuel Cells

Die gemeinsame Forschung und Entwicklung von Brennstoffzellentechnologien zwischen Deutschland und Kanada hat eine Geschichte, die über ein Jahrzehnt zurückreicht. Die Erfolge der Kooperation gehen auf das besondere Engagement der Partnerinnen und Partner und eine hohe Transparenz zurück. Die deutsch-kanadischen Partnerschaften haben sich in mehrfacher Hinsicht als fruchtbar erwiesen: Ein Schwerpunkt lag auf Kostenreduktionen, während gleichzeitig die Lebensdauer der Brennstoffzellen verlängert wurde. Ein neues Kapitel wird demnächst durch die Schwerpunktsetzung auf Kommerzialisierung aufgeschlagen, insbesondere durch die Entwicklung von intelligenten Herstellungslösungen und neuen Analysemodellen.



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Dr. Zamel, a Canadian scientist, carried out research in Canada between 2005 and 2011 before joining the Fraunhofer Institute for Industrial Mathematics ITWM and then moving to Fraunhofer ISE in Freiburg in 2011.

The pledge to reach zero-net greenhouse gas emissions by 2050 and the increased use of renewables in our electricity mix have been the main drivers for research and development (R&D) around hydrogen as an energy carrier. Abundantly available, hydrogen is also considered to be one of the best energy storage solutions. An end-use technology of hydrogen, R&D on polymer electrolyte membrane (PEM) fuel cells has also gained traction in the last thirty years. PEM fuel cells convert the stored chemical energy of hydrogen and oxygen (from air) to useable electrical energy. These cells are a great solution for mobile applications due to their scalability, efficiency, easy start-up and zero emissions at use. Although promising, groundbreaking scientific work is still required to optimize and bring PEM fuel cells to market. Marketability is best achieved through fundamental and systematic analysis combined with open collaboration between industry and research facilities.

Since 2007, the Canadian/German initiative by the Germany Federal Ministry on Education and Research (BMBF) on Energy Collaboration paved the way for a strong and ongoing collaboration on PEM fuel cells between Canadian and German universities/institutes. In parallel the Fraunhofer Society created an important impetus for the collaboration by investing in a program to enable several guest professors' stays at the Fraunhofer Institute for Solar Energy Systems ISE and scientific exchange between the two countries.

Since 2007, both partners have worked tirelessly towards the optimization of the so-called membrane electrode assembly (MEA), which is where the electrochemical reactions occur. Its optimization will not only lead to improved performance and increased durability, but will also lower the overall costs of PEM fuel cells, making them competitive. To date, we have collaborated through three BMBF-funded projects (PEM-CaD, GECKO and DEKADE) from the German side that were complemented by CaRPE-FC on the Canadian side. The main aims of the projects were the development of novel characterization methods, understanding the underlying mechanisms behind performance loss, degradation of the MEA and the production of the next generation MEA.

In 2007, the Canadian/German initiative by the Germany Federal Ministry on Education and Research (BMBF) on Energy Collaboration paved



 Kooperation International


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journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jpowsour

 Check for updates

A review of functions, attributes, properties and measurements for the quality control of proton exchange membrane fuel cell components

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HIGHLIGHTS

- Compendia or books of attributes are established for key PEM fuel cell components.
- The books of component attributes include GDL, CCM, BP and gasket/sub-

GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT



ITB infoservice Special Edition No. 16-06/2021. Germany & Canada. Celebrating 50 Years of Scientific and Technological Cooperation. Published by the BMBF

Lessons Learned

how to build a cooperative R&D space

- The biggest driver towards the success we have had over the years is due to **Personnel Exchange**
- A true collaborative environment would only be possible through
 - Open exchange of ideas
 - Complimentary work rather than competitive work
 - 50/50 involvement in proposal writing/acquiring of funding
 - Passion for the topic at hand

Infographic showing the energy mix in Germany in 2020. The background is a landscape with a forest in the foreground and a city in the background. A network of lines connects various energy sources to their respective percentages: Coal (37%), Gas (12%), Nuclear (21%), Wind (18%), Solar (6%), Biomass (23%), and Hydropower (3%). Icons represent each source: a power plant for coal, a gas flare for gas, a nuclear reactor for nuclear, wind turbines for wind, solar panels for solar, a tree for biomass, and a dam for hydropower. A central bar chart shows the annual growth of each source.

